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1. About this Guide

This edition of Doing Research in the Northwest Territories - A Guide for Researchers was updated by the Aurora Research Institute with funding from the International Polar Year – Federal Program Office (Canada).

The Guide focuses on research that requires a Scientific Research Licence, issued by the Aurora Research Institute (ARI), as well as contact information related to this licensing process.

This publication, however, also serves as an introductory manual for all other types of research and research-related licensing and permitting in the Northwest Territories.

Please note that although all care is taken to have current information in the Guide, procedures and contact information can change without notice. Please contact the Manager of Scientific Services at ARI for up-to-date information regarding Scientific Research Licensing, or other organizations regarding updates to their respective licences and/or permits.

About the Aurora Research Institute

The Science Institute of the Northwest Territories was created by the Northwest Territories Legislative Assembly in 1984. In 1995 the Science Institute of the Northwest Territories divided, and merged with the Nunavut Arctic College in Nunavut and the Aurora College in the Northwest Territories (NWT). Licensing in the Northwest Territories under the NWT Scientists Act is handled by the Aurora Research Institute (ARI) in Inuvik. Licensing in Nunavut under the Nunavut Scientists Act is handled through the Nunavut Research Institute in Iqaluit (refer to Figure 1 for boundary delineation).

The Aurora Research Institute’s mandate is to improve the quality of life for NWT residents by applying scientific, technological and indigenous knowledge to solve northern problems and advance social and economic goals. As such, Aurora Research Institute is responsible for:

- licensing and coordinating research in accordance with the NWT Scientists Act (Appendix A);
- promoting communication between researchers and the people of the communities in which they work;
- promoting public awareness of the importance of science, technology and indigenous knowledge;
- fostering a scientific community within the NWT which recognizes and uses the traditional knowledge of northern aboriginal peoples;
- making scientific and traditional knowledge available to people of the NWT; and
- supporting or conducting research which contributes to the social, cultural and economic prosperity of the people of the NWT.
2. **Obtaining your Research Licences and Permits**

Without exception, all research in the NWT must be licensed. This includes work in the physical, social and biological sciences, as well as in traditional knowledge and health, and applies for all researchers – including government agencies. Through the licensing process, information about your work is shared with northern residents.

You are advised to submit your licensing and related application(s) at least 3 months prior to the planned start date of fieldwork.

Research licensing in the Northwest Territories (NWT) involves authorities at local, territorial and federal levels. The number of permitting processes that you may have to apply to vary depending on the scope, methods and location of your fieldwork. Typically, a larger multi-disciplinary study taking place throughout the NWT would require more permits and licences than a more specific project, but that is not always the case.

The general objective of the research regulatory processes is to avoid harm to the natural, social and cultural environments of the NWT. Many of these processes also include provisions to ensure that local communities are well informed of upcoming research projects, and that the knowledge resulting from the studies returns to the local level. While some of the regulatory bodies focus on technical reviews and/or environmental assessments, others work with local representatives to address concerns and ensure communication between researchers and community parties.

As an introduction, the research licensing scenario in the NWT can be simplified as follows:

- **Territorial authorities:** all research needs a territorial research permit or licence (with few exceptions);
- **Land authorities:** if the research project will take place on private lands, authorization is required, and if the research project is of a size or scope above certain thresholds, a land use permit and/or a water licence is required both on private and public lands;
- **Federal authorities and other permits:** these are permits specific to the scope and location of the research, and for the most part are not particular to the NWT – they apply to all of Canada.

What differentiates the NWT processes from those in most parts of the Canadian provinces is the inclusion of community consultation in most of the regulatory processes.

In addition to the information in this publication, you may want to visit Access Research NWT, at [www.accessnwt.ca](http://www.accessnwt.ca). This is a web portal providing information on research licensing and permitting in the Northwest Territories. This website offers additional resources to researchers planning to conduct fieldwork in the NWT – including guides and articles, a research database and also licensing summary tables to assist you in deciding which permits and/or licences you will need for your project.
A. Licensing your Research with the GNWT

You will require at least one of the three licences below, issued at a territorial level.

This publication gives you an introduction to the Wildlife Research Permit and the Archaeologists Permit. The Scientific Research Licence, the focus of this guide, is described in more detail.

Remember that depending on the kind, location and scope of your research, you will need additional territorial and federal permits, aboriginal private land access authorization, land use permits and water licences. Check the other sections in this guide for more information.

Ensure that your research location is only within the NWT (see Figure 1). If your research is to take place in both Nunavut and the NWT, or the Yukon and the NWT, you will have to apply for licences in all territories you will work in.

Wildlife Research Permit

Research studies on any vertebrates (including migratory birds and species at risk, but excluding fish and marine mammals) or wildlife habitats anywhere in the NWT require a Wildlife Research Permit under the NWT Wildlife Act.

Permits are issued at the Department of Environment and Natural Resources (ENR) – Wildlife Division regional offices for studies conducted only in one region, or at the Yellowknife ENR office for studies occurring in multiple NWT regions.

If your study involves handling animals, you must also submit an Application to Handle Wildlife to the Chair of the NWT Wildlife Care Committee (NWT-WCC).

Information and contacts for the application processes are available online at the Environment and Natural Resources Department website:

- For NWT-WCC Reviews: [www.enr.gov.nt.ca/live/pages/wpPages/Wildlife_Care_Committee.aspx](http://www.enr.gov.nt.ca/live/pages/wpPages/Wildlife_Care_Committee.aspx)

For more information:

Information Coordinator
Wildlife Division
Department of Environment and Natural Resources
Government of the Northwest Territories
Email: [wildliferesearch_permit@gov.nt.ca](mailto:wildliferesearch_permit@gov.nt.ca)
Phone: (867) 873-7760
Archaeologists Permit
Research in archaeology requires a NWT Archaeologists Permit under the NWT Archaeological Sites Regulations. Applications for a permit are submitted to the Prince of Wales Northern Heritage Centre (PWNHC) in Yellowknife. Information about the Archaeologists Permit and applications can be obtained at the PWNHC’s website at www.pwnhc.ca/programs/archaeology.asp.

For more information:
Territorial Archaeologist
Prince of Wales Northern Heritage Centre
Department of Education, Culture and Employment
Government of the Northwest Territories
P.O. Box 1320
4750 48th Street
Yellowknife, NT
X1A 2L9
Phone: (867) 873-7688
Fax: (867) 873-0205
E-mail: archaeology@gov.nt.ca
URL: www.pwnhc.learnnet.nt.ca

Scientific Research Licence
Research in the NWT that does not fall under Wildlife or Archaeological legislation requires a Scientific Research Licence under the NWT Scientists Act. This licence is obtained through the Aurora Research Institute (ARI) in Inuvik. You can only apply for a Scientific Research Licence via ARI’s online system, POLAR.

To apply for a Scientific Research Licence, complete and submit your online application by logging in to POLAR at http://polar.nwtresearch.com. To determine in which region(s) you will be working, see Table 1 and/or Figure 1.

Read the following pages for more information about the scientific research licensing process, or contact:

Manager, Scientific Services
Aurora Research Institute
P.O. Box 1450
191 Mackenzie Road
Inuvik, NT
X0E 0T0
Phone: (867) 777-3298, ext.231
Fax: (867) 777-4264
E-mail: licence@nwtresearch.com
URL: www.nwtresearch.com
About POLAR:
This application system allows you to register for an account, input your application and make changes before submitting it.
Applications may take up to three months to process depending upon type, scope and location of the planned research. This ensures adequate time for review by NWT community organizations. It is best to apply early and avoid delays to your research project!

Online Application Process:
Once you have created an account in the system, you will be prompted on how to complete your application. Help buttons throughout the application form give you additional information on how to complete each text box.
If you already have an electronic copy of your application, or of documents that you will be using to construct your application, it is easy to copy and paste the relevant pieces into the online form. In fact, ARI recommends that you use a word processor to write your application, and then paste it in to the online form.
You can also include attachments such as maps, ethics review approvals, community consultation records, or other supporting documents.
Keep the text sections as relatively brief summaries (but clearly explain what you’ve been asked for – don’t oversimplify) and keep all sections in plain-language. You can add more detailed information as attachments – this keeps the application streamlined for easier review by the organizations. For more on plain language writing, the website Access Research NWT offers an introductory article on the topic at http://www.accessnwt.ca/researchers/resources-for-researchers/plain-language.
Once submitted, the Manager, Scientific Services reviews the application for clarity and completion. The application will be returned to you for further editing if more information is necessary or advised. It will go back into draft mode in the system and you will be notified by email.
Applications are usually reviewed and distributed to the community organizations within a week of the submission date, but this may take longer during busy times of the year – including (but not only) during spring and summer research seasons.

Notes about Submitting your Application:
Submit your Scientific Research Licence application at least three months before the date on which you will require your licence. Early submission allows for such considerations as processing time, scheduled community meetings, and the screening processes. If your application arrives at a time when many community residents are on the land and away from their communities, you may encounter delays in the review process. You may also experience delays if applying at a time when community organizations’ office staff are working at full capacity (usually from late April to early August, but not limited to then). If all of the elements of your application are not yet complete (for example, you are still not sure of exact site locations, exact fieldwork dates other than a general time interval, or you are waiting for an ethics review, etc.), and you are getting close to three months before your proposed fieldwork, it is better to submit your application anyway and note which aspects are still “in progress”. Inform the reviewer that the communities will be consulted again when more information is available.
If your project will involve residents of the NWT as subjects or informants (including traditional knowledge interviews), a copy of your ethics review approval will be required before the research licence is issued. The research application process can run at the same time as your ethics review process. The online application will ask whether you have applied for an ethics review, and if so, by whom. In addition, the following information will be requested:
- How are you obtaining informed consent from participants in the study? You are required to submit a copy of any consent form that you will be using;
- How will participant confidentiality be maintained in your research?
- How will data collected from participants be used and stored in the short and long terms;
- How will your research be reported to participants and the community?

If your research does not directly involve NWT residents, it may still have a significant impact on the communities or their interests, including negative environmental impacts. For example, you may be planning to stay in or travel through an area of cultural, environmental or economic significance to the community, to conduct activities potentially impacting sensitive natural environments, or to access private lands. Be sure to gather information about these circumstances, modify your plans and/or include in your application the mitigation measures required.

Confirmation that there are no concerns regarding your research project will be required from the appropriate community organizations (such as local renewable resources organizations, band councils, co-management boards, socio-cultural aboriginal organizations, etc.). If you have been corresponding with community groups or other agencies prior to submitting your application, it will be helpful to attach a record of that correspondence to your application. If you have already received ethics approval for your project (for example, from a university), attach confirmation of that approval to your online application.

**Community Review and other government Agencies:**

Once the Manager, Scientific Services, accepts your application, it is distributed by the online system to community organizations. You will then see the application's distribution list in your POLAR account. These are the community organizations that received your application by fax or email, and will review it – and with whom you will discuss any concerns, recommendations and suggestions.

ARI strongly advises that you contact these organizations – by phone or in person if possible – and clarify any questions as early in the process as possible. See the item *Communication with Communities*, under section B, for more information. You can find the contact information for each organization in this Guide or, after your application has been distributed, online at POLAR by clicking on the organization's name in the application distribution list. Being proactive usually results in faster approvals and a better working relationship with the local community. You can also include recent letters of support from the affected community organization(s), in which case the licensing process is significantly sped up.

 Depending on your research project, you may also need to apply for permits from other agencies. The name of these agencies may appear on your ARI application’s distribution list – however that simply means that they have been notified of your upcoming project. You need to contact them directly to apply using their process and submission forms. For example, you may have to apply for environmental screening, land use and/or access permits, or permits specific to your research area. Health projects are usually required to submit their ethics application to the ethics review board at the affected Health and Social Service Authority(ies). Research agreements may also have to be signed with aboriginal governments or institutes, especially when dealing with traditional knowledge research. Introductory information on other permits can be found under Section C of this document.

Once the application is reviewed, the community organizations will respond to the application / proposed research by sending the community review forms to ARI. All concerns, recommendations and suggestions that ARI receives will be forwarded to you. ARI may require proof that issues have been addressed before a project is licensed. ARI will also update your POLAR account with the organizations that have responded to the application, and community feedback will be posted there for your records.

The consultation process takes several weeks – sometimes up to 90 days. This is mainly due to the fact that some organizations’ and/or agencies’ boards only meet periodically at certain times of the year. Delays also happen when there are local concerns regarding the research project – in most cases you will be required to address concerns before the licence is issued.
Application Fee:
A $158 administrative fee is automatically charged on the POLAR system when you submit your application. Payment can only be made online by credit card, at the time of submission.

Reports on Licensed Research:
Researchers are required to submit a 200-word, plain-language summary of their licensed research. The report must be submitted to the Aurora Research Institute by June 30 of the year following that in which the licence was issued, or at the same time as you submit a new application (whichever comes first). This summary should be submitted using ARI’s online POLAR licensing system by logging into your account and selecting the appropriate application number / research title from your list. A box is available to paste the text in. Research summaries are organized into an annual publication by ARI and distributed to all NWT community organizations involved in the licensing process, as well as local libraries and high schools.

ARI also requires researchers to submit copies of any publications and reports produced to the ARI library in Inuvik – through POLAR, by email or post. Submitting papers through POLAR is very simple. Under the text box for your research summary, described above, go to “Public Files” to upload documents in a variety of formats – including PDF, Powerpoint presentations, maps and photos. You can come back to POLAR and upload files at any time after the licence has been issued – even years later.

All publications and reports are stored in the permanent collection at the Aurora Research Institute. This collection is accessible to the community and other researchers. See below – Involving Northern residents in research projects – for other ways of sharing your research.

Additionally, researchers are required to send reports and copies of publications related to their research to any community organizations that requested them, either during the consultation process or afterwards.

It is strongly recommended that researchers also fill in all community organizations using updates and preliminary reports. This includes formal and/or informal visits to the local organizations during your fieldwork, if you are staying in a community, or before/after if you are just passing through. It is important to remember that you represent not only your project but also the scientific community – and that one of the main complaints from NWT residents is lack of reporting from visiting researchers. You should also keep in mind that you are working in lands and/or communities where strong communication will help build better relationships for future research.

A scientific, technically written thesis a few years after your site visit will probably receive a cold reception when compared to preliminary results or updates right after fieldwork.

Multi-year Research Projects:
ARI’s Online Licensing System allows you to go through a simplified process if your research project will continue for more than one year. The same requirements apply as for a Single Year Research Project application, such as deadlines, applications, community consultation and reporting – however, only the first year’s application is as detailed as that for a one-year project. In subsequent years, you submit an application that is basically only an update to the communities on how the research is going and what the plans are for this year’s activities. These applications in subsequent years also offer opportunities for communities to voice new suggestions, questions and concerns.

Note that significant changes to the research project in subsequent years, especially to the objectives, methodology and potential impacts of your work, may require you to re-start the licensing process with a new detailed application. In addition, community concerns and negative impacts from a research project in one year may slow down the following year’s application, since there may be a need to address new concerns and/or present mitigations to potential impacts.
B. Research in the NWT

Communication with communities

Communicating with communities is a vital part of the research licensing procedure in the North – and you have a very important role in it.

At the Aurora Research Institute, a research licence will not be issued if appropriate communication with the community has not taken place. The level of involvement and which community organization(s) you need to connect with will depend on the size, type, scope, location and potential impact of the study. Please take careful note of the following section.

- The Aurora Research Institute requires written confirmation that the community(ies) and/or agency(ies) potentially affected by your research have no concerns regarding your research project. Generally, the organizations respond directly to ARI via fax or email using a response form.
- Although ARI will distribute a copy of your research licence application to the community organizations and forward their questions to you, it is still your responsibility to contact them and answer potential questions, suggestions or concerns.
- Communicating effectively with communities involves not only appropriate language and cross-cultural awareness, but also taking the initiative to approach the local organizations throughout the research project – from developing your study idea and submitting your application, to conducting fieldwork and presenting results (from preliminary data to completion).
- It is important to remember that many community organizations in the NWT do not have staff with technical knowledge to address scientifically-written research proposals. In addition, these organizations review applications from a broad scope of scientific fields, in which the technical language varies from one field to the next. Plain language is the key to effective communication.
- The website Access Research NWT provides an article with an introduction to plain language writing, as well as other material such as Community Perspectives on Research. For these resources and more, go to http://www.accessnwt.ca/researchers/resources-for-researchers.
- Expect to involve residents and visit communities well in advance of your fieldwork if your research project is large, and/or if it is likely to generate controversy or environmental or socio-cultural impacts (or to be perceived that way).
- ARI promotes effective communication between researchers and members of local NWT communities, and believes that this is essential for a welcoming reception to out-of-territory researchers, as well as the development and strengthening of the resident research community.
- Communities’ contact information is located in the relevant sections of this guide, as well as online in your POLAR application. You may also contact the Manager, Scientific Services at Aurora Research Institute for additional guidance and assistance.
Ethical principles for conducting research

Researchers are expected to follow ethical principles. When planning your studies, you are advised to consult one or more of the documents below. As a reminder, any research involving human subjects (including traditional knowledge interviews) requires an ethical review approval.

Some helpful publications and related organizations’ contact information are indicated below:

- **TCPS 2 - Tri-Council Policy Statement: Ethical Conduct for Research Involving Humans, 2010**
  
  Interagency Advisory Panel on Research Ethics (PRE)
  350 Albert Street
  Ottawa, ON
  K1A 1H5
  Phone: (613) 996-0072
  Fax: (613) 996-7117
  URL: [pre_ethics.gc.ca](http://pre.ethics.gc.ca)

- **Ethical Principles for the Conduct of Research in the North**, published by the Association of Canadian Universities for Northern Studies (ACUNS).
  
  Association of Canadian Universities for Northern Studies (ACUNS)
  405-17 York Street
  Ottawa, ON
  K1N 9J6
  Phone: (613) 562-0515
  Fax: (613) 562-0533
  E-mail: [office@acuns.ca](mailto:office@acuns.ca)
  URL: [www.acuns.ca](http://www.acuns.ca)

  
  Inuit Tapirisat Kanatami
  75 Albert Street - Suite 1101
  Ottawa, ON
  K1P 5E7
  Phone: (613) 238-8181
  Fax: (613) 234-1991
  E-mail: [info@itk.ca](mailto:info@itk.ca)
  URL: [www.itk.ca](http://www.itk.ca)

  
  Gwich’in Social and Cultural Institute
  P.O. Box 46
  Tsiigehtchic, NT
  X0E 0B0
  Phone: (867) 953-3613
  Fax: (867) 953-3820
  URL: [www.gwichin.ca](http://www.gwichin.ca)
Involving Northern residents in research projects

Local residents and visiting researchers have much to offer each other. Northern people have an intimate knowledge of their community and the land. Their knowledge of local conditions and challenges, and their access to traditional knowledge, may suggest new directions for your research.

In addition, the North has changed rapidly and significantly over the last few decades. Many residents of the NWT communities now possess high levels of scientific training and knowledge and can provide valuable information and assistance to visiting researchers.

As a researcher, you can share your knowledge by speaking at community council meetings, giving talks at schools, providing non-technical posters to display at local libraries or community centres, or reaching out to the local newspaper and radio talk show. You can alternatively produce short, informal videos of your research with emphasis on your fieldwork and results. Ultimately, you should seek effective ways of communicating your research to the local community – whatever works best for your public in the NWT, be it conventional tools or the use of new technology. The Manager, Scientific Services at ARI may be able to guide you in the most effective communication methods for your project.

You should also consider including residents in field trips, calling out for local volunteers, or hiring them to assist with your research. If you plan to hire assistants, Aurora Research Institute staff may be able to provide you with local contacts who do, or have done, scientific work in related disciplines, or who have specific knowledge in your field.

By communicating your enthusiasm for your research and/or involving residents in your fieldwork, you may motivate local people to participate in science. Providing residents with an opportunity to participate in or directly comment on your research not only improves relations between researchers and residents, but also fosters a research-oriented community in the North.

Building a Path for Northern Science – GNWT’s Science Agenda

In November 2009, the Government of the Northwest Territories released its Science Agenda: Building a Path for Northern Science.

The Science Agenda establishes a strategic framework for science and identifies priorities which will guide future research and science integration in the GNWT. This is a useful tool to direct science practitioners working in the NWT to investigations that will yield relevant and valuable information to NWT residents. It also refocuses science initiatives across the GNWT and influences science funding in the NWT.
In the past, research undertaken in the NWT has primarily been driven by the scientific curiosity of southern research institutions and the interests of southern-based academics. This has resulted in high quality investigations, but it has also meant many areas of importance to NWT residents were overlooked or under-represented in research. Research results were often inadequately reported to the north and, in general, inadequately integrated into policy development at many levels of government.

To address its vision for science, the GNWT identified science priorities. Specifically, the GNWT identified areas where information is required for improved policy development, planning, regulation and program design and implementation. The Science Agenda will influence the priorities of NWT-focused scientists during the next 20 years. Current and future research in the NWT should address one or more of the five core priorities and employ the three overarching themes identified in the document.

To download a copy of Building a Path for Northern Science, go to: http://www.accessnwt.ca/researchers/resources-for-researchers/science-agenda

C. Additional Research Licences and Permits

Contaminant-related Research
All research projects addressing the occurrence of natural and/or man-made contaminants in aquatic, terrestrial or atmospheric systems should contact the NWT Regional Contaminants Committee (NWT-RCC) before conducting fieldwork. Researchers funded by NCP follow protocols that already include work with the NWT-RCC. This committee serves as a means of exchanging information on contaminants between researchers, relevant organizations and programs, and Northerners.

NWT Regional Contaminants Committee (NWT-RCC)
Indian and Northern Affairs Canada (INAC)
P.O. Box 1500
Yellowknife NT
X1A 2R3
Tel: (867) 669-2847
Fax: (867) 669-2721

Health-related Research
Besides the requirements common to other social sciences, health research in the NWT must have approval from the affected Health and Social Services Authority (HSSA). This includes an additional review from the local HSSA’s Ethics Review Committee (ERC) in the HSSAs where these committees are established (Stanton, Beaufort-Delta and Fort Smith HSSAs). Although ARI will notify the HSSA, researchers are required to contact the Authority directly, submit the required documents or application, and address their concerns and comments.

To locate the HSSA in which you will be working, access the NWT HSS Authorities Map at www.hlthss.gov.nt.ca/english/publications/posters_and_flyers.asp.

In addition, health-related research carried out by physicians may require a Medical Research Permit issued by the GNWT Department of Health and Social Services (HSS). For more
information on the permit contact:

Registrar, Professional Licensing
Department of Health and Social Services
Government of the Northwest Territories
P.O. Box 1320
Yellowknife NT
X1A 2L9
Phone: (867) 920-8058
URL: www.hlthss.gov.nt.ca

Forestry-related Research

Research projects related to forest environments in the Northwest Territories require a Forest Research Licence under the NWT Forest Management Act and Regulations. This licence is required in addition to the Scientific Research Licence issued by ARI.

The Department of Environment and Natural Resources (ENR), Forest Management Division is responsible for issuing Forest Research Licences. Researchers are required to contact the ENR - Forest Management Division regional office in their study area to apply for this licence. Note that applications and licences are not available at the Head Quarters office in Fort Smith.

The Forest Research Licence pertains to studies on trees and most woody vegetation (including shrub tundra), and to certain forest ecosystem and physical studies such as carbon exchange investigations, and any similar research that will disturb forest soil. It is your responsibility as a researcher to contact the ENR-Forest Management Division to apply for a Forest Research Licence, and to check whether your research will require such a licence.

For more information contact:

Forest Management Division
Department of Environment and Natural Resources
Government of the Northwest Territories
P.O. Box 7
2nd Floor, 149 McDougal Road
Fort Smith, NT
X0E 0P0
Phone: (867) 872-7700
Fax: (867) 872-2077
URL: http://forestmanagement.enr.gov.nt.ca/

Research Involving Fisheries and/or Marine Mammals

For scientific studies involving marine or freshwater life, including fish, marine mammals (except polar bears – see Wildlife Research Permit), aquatic invertebrates (including their eggs, spawn, embryonic, larval and juvenile stages) and other biota such as benthos and plankton, a licence is required from Fisheries and Oceans Canada (DFO). Every researcher or individual who intends to fish for scientific purposes is required to have a licence, including employees of the federal, provincial or territorial governments. Other oceanographic research projects may also require a licence from DFO, depending on the scope of the study and the potential disturbance to or incidental capture of aquatic life.

In addition to the DFO licence, the research project also requires a Scientific Research Licence issued by ARI before work in the NWT begins.
Licences for the entire territory are issued by the DFO office in Yellowknife. This office issues licences for the Northwest Territories and Yukon North Slope, and adjacent marine waters.

Biolgelst, Fisheries Management  
Fisheries and Oceans Canada (DFO)  
Suite 301 – Diamond Plaza  
5204 – 50th Avenue  
Yellowknife, NT  
X1A 1E2  
Phone: (867) 669-4920  
Fax: (867) 669-4940  
Email: XCA-inuvikpermipet@dfo-mpo.gc.ca

Research in Lands Administered by Parks Canada
A Research and Collection Permit (RCP) is required to conduct any archaeological, natural or social science research or collection activities in national parks, national park reserves, national marine conservation areas, national historic sites, and/or the Pingo Canadian Landmark. RCP applications are submitted through a national online system at [www.pc.gc.ca/apps/rps/page1_e.asp](http://www.pc.gc.ca/apps/rps/page1_e.asp).

The RCP System website also contains information regarding the process, guidelines, research coordinators and their contact information, and other relevant information.

Over certain thresholds, Parks Canada may also forward the application to reviewing agencies such as the Canadian Environmental Assessment Agency (CEAA).

In addition, regulatory approvals and other pertinent licences or permits, as directed by Parks Canada, are mandatory for the RCP to be granted.

Migratory Birds and Species at Risk Research
Researchers who wish to study any migratory bird designated in the Migratory Birds Convention Act also require a Migratory Birds Scientific Permit. In addition to migratory birds, studies involving fauna listed as Species at Risk (SAR) may require a SAR permit.

Research involving the killing, capturing and biological sampling of migratory birds requires a Migratory Birds Scientific Permit. Standard aerial or ground surveys of migratory birds would not normally require a Scientific Permit, unless they are being conducted within or over a Migratory Bird Sanctuary or National Wildlife Area. In this case, a CWS Migratory Bird Sanctuary Permit or CWS National Wildlife Area Permit would be required (see item below).

For studies anywhere in the NWT, application forms and the related ‘Guide for Applicants’ are available from the Canadian Wildlife Service (CWS) office in Yellowknife. Applicants must demonstrate that their proposed methods have been approved by the recognized Animal Care Committee at their institution, or by the CWS Animal Care Committee.

Before a Migratory Birds Permit is issued, you must obtain a NWT Wildlife Research Permit.

For more information:

NWT Habitat Biologist  
Canadian Wildlife Service
If your research will involve banding birds, you will also require a Migratory Birds – Canadian Bird Banding Permit. Information and applications are available online at the website below, or by contacting:

Canadian Bird Banding Office
National Wildlife Research Centre
Canadian Wildlife Service
1125 Colonel By Drive (Raven Road)
Ottawa, ON
K1A 0H3
Phone: 613-998-0524
Fax: 613-998-0458
URL: http://www.ec.gc.ca/rbc-rbr/default.asp?lang=En&n=11CE6743-1

Research in Migratory Bird Sanctuaries and National Wildlife Areas
Researchers wanting access to a Migratory Bird Sanctuary or National Wildlife Area for the purposes of scientific study require a Migratory Bird Sanctuary Permit or Wildlife Area Permit. This applies not only to biological studies, but any kind of research – including physical studies, non-intrusive activities and certain aerial surveys. This permit is required in addition to a GNWT research permit or licence, and any other applicable permitting processes.

For more information, contact:

NWT Habitat Biologist
Canadian Wildlife Service
Environment Canada
4th Floor, 5019 – 52 St.
Yellowknife, NT
X1A 2P7
Phone: (867) 669-4769
Fax: (867) 873-8185

Research in Commissioner’s Lands
Commissioner's Lands are lands managed and administered by the Government of the Northwest Territories (GNWT), and specifically, by the Department of Municipal and Community Affairs (MACA).

Commissioner’s Lands are mostly located inside municipal areas. To determine land ownership inside municipalities, visit the Administration of the Territorial Land Acts System (ATLAS) at www.maca.gov.nt.ca/gis. ATLAS provides accurate graphic and written information on each parcel of land within a community’s boundaries. ATLAS is a land information system that uses GIS technology.

Researchers intending to conduct projects using Commissioner’s Lands should contact the regional office of MACA – Land Administration closest to their fieldwork area. At its discretion,
MACA may issue a lease if the project entails intrusive activities or long-term capital improvements.

Contact information for MACA’s regional offices can be found at:
http://www.maca.gov.nt.ca/contactus/contactus.html

Research in Nunavut
If you are planning to conduct research in Nunavut, you will require a licence or permit to do so. The Nunavut Research Institute (NRI) is responsible for administering Scientific Research Licences under the Nunavut Scientists Act. NRI does not license wildlife or archaeology research, research in National Parks (Research and Collection Permit required) and certain fisheries research. The Scientific Research Licence application process involves consultation with Nunavut community authorities and other local and regional agencies who may be affected by and/or have an interest in the proposed study.

For more information, visit the Nunavut Research Institute’s website at http://www.nri.nu.ca/researchlic.html, or contact:

Manager, Research Liaison
Nunavut Research Institute
P.O. Box 1720
Iqaluit, NU
X0A 0H0
Phone: (867) 979-7279
Fax: (867) 979-7109
URL: www.nri.nu.ca


Archaeological Research in Nunavut is covered under the Archaeological Sites Regulations of the Nunavut Act. The Nunavut Archaeology Program is responsible for the management and protection of the territory’s archaeological resources. The Guidelines for Nunavut Territory Archaeology and Palaeontology Permits can be downloaded at http://www.gov.nu.ca/cley/english/culthertiage.htm.

Research in the Yukon
Under the provisions of the Scientists and Explorers Act, all persons entering the Yukon for the purposes of research must obtain a Scientists and Explorers Licence. For more on the application process, licence requirements, required research permits, and information about conducting research in the Yukon, you can download the Guidebook on Scientific Research in the Yukon at http://www.tc.gov.yk.ca/scientists_explorers.html.

The Yukon Scientists and Explorers Act covers both social and natural sciences and applies to scientific research conducted anywhere in the territory. The exception to this is archaeological research, which is covered under the authority of the Yukon Archaeological Sites Regulations. A Yukon Archaeological Sites Regulations Permit is required from the Yukon government for all archaeological research projects in the territory, except if the research will occur in a National Park or a National Historic Site (a Parks Canada Research and Collection Permit will be required). A Research Permit issued under the Wildlife Act is required if the research involves the
harvest or capture of any wildlife. Furthermore, a permit is required to collect and be in possession of dead wildlife or wildlife parts.

Consultation with Yukon First Nations is part of the research licensing process.

For additional information, contact:

Manager, Heritage Resources Unit
Cultural Services Branch
Department of Tourism & Culture
Government of Yukon
Box 2703
Whitehorse, Yukon Y1A 2C6
Phone: (867) 667-5363
Fax: (867) 393-6456
URL: http://www.tc.gov.yk.ca/scientists_explorers.html
3. Land Claim Regions and Community Contacts

There are six Land Claim Regions in the NWT: Inuvialuit, Gwich’in, Sahtu, North Slave, Dehcho and South Slave (see Figure 1).

The consultation within each of these regions differs due to the different socio-political structure in each. See Figure 1 to identify in which region(s) your research will be conducted. Refer to Table 1 for communities in each region of the NWT. Each of the six regions is further broken down under its own chapter in this section. You are strongly advised to begin the consultation and research licence application process at least three months before the planned start date of your research.

As previously mentioned, effective communication with communities is a vital part of the research licensing process in the North, and a research licence will not be issued by ARI if appropriate communication with the communities has not taken place. The community organization(s) with which you need to communicate will depend on the type, scope and location of the study.

ARI requires written confirmation that the agency(ies) and/or community(ies) potentially affected by your research have no concerns regarding your research project. Generally, the organizations respond directly to ARI via fax using a response form, or email through the POLAR system.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Land Claim Region</th>
<th>Communities</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Inuvialuit</td>
<td>Aklavik, Inuvik, Paulatuk, Sachs Harbour, Tuktoyaktuk, Ulukhaktok</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gwich’in</td>
<td>Aklavik, Fort McPherson, Inuvik, Tsiigehtchic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sahtu</td>
<td>Colville Lake, Délîne, Fort Good Hope, Norman Wells, Tulita,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dehcho</td>
<td>Enterprise, Fort Liard, Fort Providence, Fort Simpson, Hay River, Hay River Dene Reserve, Jean Marie River, Kakisa, Nahanni Butte, Trout Lake, Wrigley</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>North Slave</td>
<td>Behchokǫ, Detah, Gamèti, N’dilo, Wekweëti, Whati, Yellowknife</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>South Slave</td>
<td>Fort Resolution, Fort Smith, Łutselk’e</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In addition to the contact information available in this Guide, you can find updated contact information for aboriginal governments and Métis locals at the GNWT’s Department of Aboriginal Affairs and Intergovernmental Relations (DAAIR) website www.daair.gov.nt.ca. Go to the left-hand side menu and click on Contacts»NWT Aboriginal Government Directory, or Contacts»NWT Métis Local Directory for an up-to-date contact list for these organizations. Maps of the territory, including a Settlement Areas and Asserted Territories within the NWT map, are also available on this website.
Figure 1 - Land Claim Regions in the Northwest Territories
A. **Inuvialuit Settlement Region**

The Inuvialuit Final Agreement (IFA), implemented in 1984, authorized the transfer of ownership of large tracts of land within the Inuvialuit Settlement Region (ISR) from the Government of Canada to the Inuvialuit. The ISR is located in the northwest corner of the NWT and the northern portion of the Yukon.

If you plan on doing research in the ISR, please read the items below carefully.

**The Environmental Impact Screening Committee (EISC)**

The Environmental Impact Screening Committee (EISC) is one of five co-management bodies established under the IFA. These co-management bodies are part of the resource management regime in the ISR. Each board serves to jointly manage resources within the ISR.

If your research takes place on land or water in, or adjacent to, the ISR (see Figure 2) you must contact the EISC to determine whether or not your project will require screening for potential environmental impacts. **Note that you have to contact the EISC directly, and that their application and submission process is separate from ARI’s.**

If the EISC requires environmental screening for your research project, the Secretary to the EISC will provide you with the necessary information to complete a project description and make a submission. This is separate from the ARI submission. You must submit this application at least 45 days prior to their next scheduled meeting date in order to be placed on the agenda for that meeting.

You will find more information about the EISC and the screening process at the web address below, and you may direct your questions to:

Environmental Impact Screening Committee  
Joint Secretariat – Inuvialuit Renewable Resource Committees  
107 Mackenzie Road, Suite 204  
PO Box 2120  
Inuvik, NT  
X0E 0T0  
Phone: (867) 777-2828  
Fax: (867) 777-2610  
Email: eisc@jointsec.nt.ca  
URL: www.screeningcommittee.ca

**Crown and Inuvialuit Private Lands**

The Inuvialuit Settlement Region is divided into Crown Lands and Inuvialuit Private Lands. The Inuvialuit Private Lands are further divided into lands in which the Inuvialuit have ownership of surface and subsurface minerals – referred to as class 7(1)(a) lands – and lands with surface rights only – referred to as 7(1)(b) lands.

In the ISR, land use permits for use of Inuvialuit Lands are obtained from the Inuvialuit Land Administration (ILA), and for the use of Crown Lands, from the Department of Indian and Northern Affairs Canada (INAC). Water licences in the ISR are obtained from the NWT Water Board.

The Inuvialuit Land Administration (ILA) administers and manages the lands received under the Inuvialuit Final Agreement. The ILA reviews and approves applications to access and use Inuvialuit Private Lands. Permits are required by researchers in order to access Inuvialuit Private Lands.
Note that you have to contact the ILA directly to confirm whether you need to apply for a land use permit. If so, you will need to prepare and submit a permit application for your project. This is different and separate from ARI’s licensing process.

You may direct inquiries to:

Inuvialuit Land Administration
P.O. Box 290
Tuktoyaktuk, NT
X0E 1C0
Phone: (867) 977-7106 (Land Use Applications Manager)
Fax: (867) 977-7101
URL: www.inuvialuitland.com

On Crown land in the ISR, you will require a Land Use Permit from the Department of Indian and Northern Affairs Canada (INAC) if your proposed research activities have significant potential impacts on the local environment. Activities that fall below the thresholds outlined in the regulations do not require a Land Use Permit.

It is your responsibility as a researcher to contact INAC and determine whether you require a Land Use Permit.

For more information on land use regulations, including activities that require a land use permit, refer to Appendix B for links to some of INAC’s publications. Links to INAC’s contact information in the ISR, and elsewhere in the NWT, are also available in Appendix B.

The NWT Water Board provides for the conservation, development and utilization of water resources in the Inuvialuit Settlement Region (ISR) in order to provide the optimum benefit of water resources to all Canadians, and to NWT residents in particular. Under the Act, an application must be made to the Board and a Licence issued prior to the use of any waters or disposal of any waterborne waste. The application requirements apply equally to departments and agencies of the federal government. The only exclusions are the use of water for domestic purposes, in-stream users (fishing, swimming, boating), or during an emergency, to extinguish a fire or to control or prevent a flood.

For more information, visit www.nwtwb.com.

In addition, if you will conduct research that uses land within the municipal limits of any NWT community you should contact the GNWT Department of Municipal and Community Affairs (MACA) for a potential lease of Commissioner’s Lands (see Research in Commissioner’s Lands under section 2.C. Additional Research Licences and Permits).

Community Consultation
Before a Scientific Research Licence is issued by ARI, the researcher must effectively communicate with the appropriate community organizations and address any concerns, comments and suggestions regarding their proposed research. For studies involving land, water, flora and/or fauna within the ISR, contact the local Hunters and Trappers Committee(s) (HTCs). For research involving people – such as research on social, cultural, economic or health issues – contact the local Community Corporation(s) and the Métis Local (in the ISR currently only in Inuvik).
In addition, consult the Inuit Research Advisor (IRA) at:

Inuit Research Advisor  
Inuvialuit Regional Corporation  
Community Development Division  
107 Mackenzie Road, 1st Floor  
Bag Service #21  
Inuvik, NT X0E 0T0  
Tel: (867) 777-7022  
Fax: (867) 777-2138

The Inuit Research Advisor can also be a resource for researchers during community consultation, and when researchers want to involve Inuvialuit beneficiaries in their projects. The Inuit Research Advisor is a position funded by the Northern Contaminants Program, ArcticNet and Nasivvik. There are also Inuit Research Advisors in all other Inuit regions in Canada (Nunavut, Nunavik and Nunatsiavut).

Further information on research involving human subjects is also available at:

Inuvialuit Cultural Resource Centre  
Bag Service #21  
Inuvik, NT  
X0E 0T0  
Phone: (867) 777-2595  
Fax: (867) 678-2597  
E-mail: icrc@irc.inuvialuit.com

Any research within municipal limits also requires consultation with the Municipal Council(s).

See the following pages for community contacts within the ISR.
Figure 2 - Inuvialuit Settlement Region
Table 2 - Community Contacts in the Inuvialuit Settlement Region

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Community</th>
<th>Community Corporation/Métis Local</th>
<th>Hunters and Trappers Committee (HTC)</th>
<th>Municipal Council</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Aklavik*</td>
<td>Aklavik Community Corporation</td>
<td>Aklavik Hunters and Trappers Committee President</td>
<td>Hamlet of Aklavik Mayor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Corporate Manager</td>
<td></td>
<td>P.O. Box 88</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>P.O. Box 119</td>
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<td>X0E 0A0</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Phone: (867) 978-2414</td>
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<td>Phone: (867) 978-2351</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fax: (867) 978-2815</td>
<td></td>
<td>Fax: (867) 978-2434</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>E-mail: <a href="mailto:ak_community_c@airware.ca">ak_community_c@airware.ca</a></td>
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<tr>
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<td>Town of Inuvik Mayor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Corporate Manager</td>
<td></td>
<td>P.O. Box 1160</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td>Phone: (867) 777-2603</td>
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<td>Phone: (867) 777-8600</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Fax: (867) 777-4422</td>
<td></td>
<td>Fax: (867) 777-8601</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>E-mail: <a href="mailto:manager@inuvikcc.com">manager@inuvikcc.com</a></td>
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<td></td>
<td>URL: <a href="http://www.irc.inuvialuit.com">www.irc.inuvialuit.com</a></td>
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<td><a href="http://www.town.inuvik.nt.ca">www.town.inuvik.nt.ca</a></td>
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<td></td>
<td>Inuvik Métis Local #62 President</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>P.O. Box 2060</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Phone: (867) 777-3790</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Fax: (867) 777-4396</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>E-mail: <a href="mailto:inuvikmetis@arcticdigital.com">inuvikmetis@arcticdigital.com</a></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Paulatuk</td>
<td>Paulatuk Community Corporation</td>
<td>Paulatuk Hunters and Trappers Committee President</td>
<td>Hamlet of Paulatuk Mayor</td>
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<td></td>
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<td>P.O. Box 98</td>
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<td>Phone: (867) 580-3601</td>
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<td>Fax: (867) 580-3508</td>
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<tr>
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<td></td>
<td>Phone: (867) 690-3025</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fax: (867) 690-4905</td>
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<td>Fax: (867) 690-4802</td>
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<th>Community</th>
<th>Community Corporation/Métis Local</th>
<th>Hunters and Trappers Committee (HTC)</th>
<th>Municipal Council</th>
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<td>Fax: (867) 690-3616</td>
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</table>
B. Gwich’in Settlement Area

The Gwich’in Land Claim Settlement Act of 1992 delineated a parcel of land in, and adjacent to, the Mackenzie Delta that is referred to as the Gwich’in Settlement Area (GSA). Along with recognizing certain rights and privileges for Gwich’in people on Crown Land within the GSA, this act also transferred ownership of specific lands to the Gwich’in people. Consult Figure 3 to determine whether your research will be conducted on either Crown or Private Lands within the GSA.

If you plan on doing research in the GSA, please carefully read the items below.

Crown and Gwich’in Private Lands

The Gwich’in Land Administration (GLA), part of the Gwich’in Tribal Council (GTC), is responsible for administering and managing the lands received under the Gwich’in Land Claim Settlement Act. Permits are required by researchers in order to access Gwich’in Private Lands.

Note that you have to contact the GLA directly to confirm whether you need to apply for a land use permit. If so, you will need to prepare and submit a permit application for your project. This is a different and separate process from ARI’s licensing procedure.

* see also Gwich’in Settlement Area (GSA) - these communities fall as well under the jurisdiction of the GSA.
You may direct inquiries to:

Gwich’in Land Administration  
P.O. Box 1509  
Inuvik, NT  
X0E 0T0  
Phone: (867) 777-7913  
Fax: (867) 777-5336  
URL: http://www.gwichin.nt.ca/

You will require a Land Use Permit and/or a Water Licence if your activities in the GSA will exceed certain thresholds. This is determined by the potential impacts of your proposed research on the environment. Activities that fall below the thresholds outlined in the Mackenzie Valley Land Use Regulations do not require a Land Use Permit. Activities that will require a Land Use Permit include, but are not restricted to: establishing a campsite with a duration exceeding 200 person-days; construction of a building with a footprint of more than 100 m² and a height of more than 5 m; and petroleum fuel storage with a capacity that equals or exceeds 4 000 L. Water Licences are applied according to NWT Water Regulations criteria.

The Gwich’in Land and Water Board (GLWB) is responsible for issuing Land Use Permits and Water Licences within the GSA. To determine whether your proposed activity requires a land use permit and/or a water licence, to apply for either, or to learn more about the GLWB, visit their website at www.glwb.com or contact them at the following address:

Gwich’in Land and Water Board  
P.O. Box 2018  
Inuvik, NT  
X0E 0T0  
Phone: (867) 777-4954  
Fax: (867) 777-2616  
URL: www.glwb.com

It is your responsibility as a researcher to contact the GLWB to determine whether you require a Land Use Permit and/or Water Licence.

Researchers should also be aware that a Land Use Permit will only be issued for activities that are in accordance with the Land Use Plan as developed by the Gwich’in Land Use Planning Board (GLUPB). For more information on the Gwich’in Land Use Plan, visit the GLUPB website at www.gwichinplanning.nt.ca, or contact them using the contact information listed under Community Consultation.

In addition, if you will conduct research that uses land within the municipal limits of any NWT community you should contact the GNWT Department of Municipal and Community Affairs (MACA) for a potential lease of Commissioner’s Lands (see Research in Commissioner’s Lands under section 2.C. Additional Research Licences and Permits).

Community Consultation

Before a Scientific Research Licence is issued by ARI, the researcher must effectively communicate with the appropriate community organizations and address any concerns, comments and suggestions regarding their proposed research. For studies involving land, water, flora and/or fauna within the GSA, contact the local Renewable Resource Council(s) (RRCs) and the Gwich’in Renewable Resources Board (GRRB). For research involving people – such as research on social, cultural, economic or health issues – contact the local Gwich’in Council(s), the Métis Local(s) and the Gwich’in Social and Cultural Institute (GSCI).
Contact the Gwich’in Social and Cultural Institute (GSCI) at:

Executive Director
Gwich’in Social and Cultural Institute
P.O. Box 30
Fort McPherson, NT
X0E 0J0
Phone: (867) 952-2524
Fax: (867) 952-2238
E-mail: gsciexecutivedirector@learnnet.nt.ca
URL : www.gwichin.ca

Contact the Gwich’in Renewable Resource Board at:

Renewable Resources Manager
Gwich’in Renewable Resource Board
P.O. Box 2240
Inuvik, NT
X0E 0T0
Phone: (867) 777-6600
Fax: (867) 777-6601
URL: www.grrb.nt.ca

The Gwich’in Land Use Planning Board (GLUPB) stays informed of all research projects taking place within the GSA, and may also advise local organizations on whether research activities are in accordance with the Land Use Plan. For more information, contact:

Land Use Planner
Gwich’in Land Use Planning Board
P.O. Box 2478
Inuvik, NT
X0E 0T0
Phone: (867) 777-7936
Fax: (867) 777-7970
E-mail: planner@gwichinplanning.nt.ca
URL : www.gwichinplanning.nt.ca

Any research within municipal limits also requires consultation with the Municipal Council(s).

See the following pages for community contacts within the GSA.
### Table 3 - Community Contacts in the Gwich’in Settlement Area

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Community</th>
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</tbody>
</table>

* * see also Inuvialuit Settlement Region (ISR) - these communities fall as well under the jurisdiction of the ISR.
C. Sahtu Settlement Area
The Sahtu Dene and Métis Land Claim Agreement, signed in 1993, allocated approximately 41,000 km² within the Sahtu Settlement Area (SSA) to the Sahtu Dene and Métis people. This Land Claim Agreement also recognizes certain rights and privileges of the Sahtu Dene and Métis people on Crown Lands within the SSA. Figure 4 depicts the boundaries of the SSA, the districts within it, and the location of land claims.

If you plan on doing research in the SSA, please carefully read the items below.

Crown and Sahtu Private Lands
District Land Corporations are responsible for managing the lands received under the Sahtu Dene and Métis Land Claim Agreement. Land Access & Benefits Agreements may be required by researchers in order to access Sahtu Private Lands.

Note that you must contact the appropriate District Land Corporation (see map, Figure 4) to verify if your fieldwork will occur in Sahtu Private Lands, and if so, to seek access to those Lands. There are three districts in the Sahtu – the Délı̨ne District, Tulita District and K’ahsho Got’îne District (Colville Lake and Fort Good Hope). Below is the contact information for each district:

Délı̨ne Land Corporation
P.O. Box 69
Délı̨ne, NT
X0E 0G0
Phone: (867) 589-2455
Fax: (867) 589-2545

Tulita District Land Corporation Limited
P.O. Box 108
Tulita, NT
X0E 0K0
Phone: (867) 588-4984
Fax: (867) 588-3997

K’ahsho Got’îne Land Corporation Limited
P.O. Box 18
Fort Good Hope, NT
X0E 0H0
Phone: (867) 598-2529
Fax: (867) 598-2437

The Sahtu Secretariat Incorporated (SSI) is the coordinating body for the Land Corporations. It functions as a point of contact for all government agencies and departments on issues such as education, health, environment and economic development. The Secretariat’s mandate is to ensure implementation of programs and services under the land claims agreement for the benefit of the Sahtu people.

The SSI does not own land. Title to all settlement lands outside of municipalities are vested to the district land corporations, as defined in the Agreement. As such, the responsibility for the ownership and management of these lands rest with the three district land corporations, on behalf of the land claim participants.
For more information, contact:

Sahtu Secretariat Incorporated
P.O. Box 155
Délı̨nę, NT
X0E 0G0
Phone: (867) 589-4719
Fax: (867) 589-4908

You will require a Land Use Permit and/or a Water Licence if your activities in the SSA will exceed certain thresholds. This is determined by the potential impacts of your proposed research on the environment. Activities that fall below the thresholds outlined in the Mackenzie Valley Land Use Regulations do not require a Land Use Permit. Activities that will require a Land Use Permit include, but are not restricted to: establishing a campsite exceeding 200 person-days in length; construction of a building with a footprint of more than 100 m² and a height of more than 5 m; and petroleum fuel storage with a capacity that equals or exceeds 4 000 L. Water Licences are applied according to NWT Water Regulations criteria.

The Sahtu Land and Water Board (SLWB) is responsible for issuing Land Use Permits and Water Licences within the SSA. To determine whether your proposed research requires a land use permit and/or a water licence, to apply for either, or for more information on the SLWB, visit their site at www.slwb.com. You can also contact the SLWB at the following address:

Sahtu Land and Water Board
P.O. Box 1
Fort Good Hope, NT
X0E 0H0
Phone: (867) 598-2413
Fax: (867) 598-2325
URL: www.slwb.com

It is your responsibility as a researcher to contact the SLWB to determine whether you require a Land Use Permit and/or Water Licence.

Researchers should also be aware that the SLWB will submit the completed application to the Sahtu Land Use Planning Board (SLUPB) as part of the referral process, to determine if the proposed activity conforms to the applicable Land Use Plan. For more information on the Sahtu Land Use Plan, visit the SLUPB website at www.sahtulanduseplan.org.

Community Consultation
Before a Scientific Research Licence is issued by ARI, the researcher must effectively communicate with the appropriate community organizations and address any concerns, comments and suggestions regarding their proposed research. For studies involving land, water, flora and/or fauna within the Sahtu, contact the local Renewable Resource Council(s) (RRCs) and the Sahtu Renewable Resources Board (SRRB). For research involving people – such as research on social, cultural, economic or health issues – contact the local Band Council(s) and the local Métis Land/Financial Corporation.
The Sahtu Renewable Resources Board can be contacted at:

Sahtu Renewable Resource Board  
P.O. Box 134  
Tulita, NT  
X0E 0K0  
Phone: (867) 588-4040  
Fax: (867) 588-3324  
E-Mail: eas@srrb.nt.ca  
URL: www.srrb.nt.ca

Any research within municipal limits also requires consultation with the Municipal Council(s). In addition, conducting research that uses land within the municipal limits of any NWT community may require you to contact the GNWT Department of Municipal and Community Affairs (MACA) for a lease of Commissioner’s Lands (see Research in Commissioner’s Lands under section 2.C. Additional Research Licences and Permits).

See the following pages for community contacts within the SSA.
Figure 4 - Sahtu Settlement Area
### Table 4 - Community Contacts in the Sahtu Settlement Area

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<tr>
<th>Community</th>
<th>Métis Local/Band Council</th>
<th>Renewable Resource Council (RRC)</th>
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<td>Phone: (867) 589-8112</td>
<td>Fax: (867) 589 8101</td>
<td>Fax: (867) 589-8101</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Délı̨ne Renewable Resource Council</td>
<td>Délı̨neRenewable Resource Council</td>
<td>Charter Community of Délı̨ne SAO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>President</td>
<td>Délı̨ne, NT</td>
<td>P.O. Box 180</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>P.O. Box 156</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Délı̨ne, NT</td>
<td>Phone: (867) 589-4800</td>
<td>X0E 0G0</td>
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<tr>
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<td>X0E 0G0</td>
<td>Phone: (867) 589-4800</td>
<td>Phone: (867) 589-4106</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>Phone: (867) 589-4800</td>
<td>Fax: (867) 589-4106</td>
<td>Fax: (867) 589-4106</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
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<td>Xahweguweh/Yamoga Land and Financial Corporation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Community Council</td>
<td>Chief</td>
<td>P.O. Box 18</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>P.O. Box 80</td>
<td>P.O. Box 19</td>
<td>Fort Good Hope, NT</td>
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<tr>
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<td>Phone: (867) 598-2231</td>
<td>Phone: (867) 598-2193</td>
<td>Phone: (867) 598-2529</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fax: (867) 598-2024</td>
<td>Fax: (867) 598-2437</td>
<td>Fax: (867) 598-2437</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
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<td>Land/Financial Corporation</td>
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<td>Fort Good Hope, NT</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fort Good Hope, NT</td>
<td>Phone: (867) 598-2105</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Phone: (867) 598-2105</td>
<td>Fax: (867) 598-2105</td>
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<td></td>
<td>E-mail:</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td><a href="mailto:fgh_metis_land@airware.ca">fgh_metis_land@airware.ca</a></td>
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</tbody>
</table>
D. North Slave Region

The North Slave Region encompasses Tłı̨chǫ Final Agreement private lands, and lands where overlapping rights or interests exist:

- Tłı̨chǫ lands (Crown lands within the Tłı̨chǫ Final Agreement) - Wek'èezhii Management Area (Tłı̨chǫ resource management area) and Mowhì Gogha Dè Niiṭèè (Tłı̨chǫ traditional use area);
- Northwest Territories Métis Nation (NWTMN) Interim Measurement Agreement (IMA) area;
- Akaitcho Territory Government (Treaty #8 Tribal Council) Asserted Traditional Territory – proposed traditional territory as asserted by the Akaitcho; and
- North Slave Métis Alliance (NSMA) traditional lands.

Figure 5 depicts the boundaries of the North Slave Region.

Below is the current status of each of the land claims or negotiations listed above (fall 2010):

- The Tłı̨chǫ Land Claims and Self-government Agreement came into effect August 4, 2005. The Tłı̨chǫ Agreement is the first combined land, resource, and self-government agreement in the NWT. The Agreement provides the Tłı̨chǫ with ownership of a single block of 39,000 km² of land, including subsurface resources, adjacent to or surrounding the four Tłı̨chǫ Communities of Behchoko, Whati, Gamètì, and Wekweètì. A regional Tłı̨chǫ Government was created with law-making authority over Tłı̨chǫ Citizens in Tłı̨chǫ Communities and on Tłı̨chǫ lands. This law-making authority includes aspects of education, adoption, child and family services, training, income support, social housing, and Tłı̨chǫ language and culture. A
Tłı̨chǫ Community Services Agency provides certain services to all residents based on Tłı̨chǫ Laws and NWT Laws. The Agreement provides for guaranteed Tłı̨chǫ participation on the Wek'eezhii Renewable Resources Board and the Wek'eezhii Land and Water Board.

- In 1996, the Northwest Territory Métis Nation (formally the South Slave Métis Council), the Federal Government, and the GNWT signed a Process and Schedule Agreement that guides these negotiations. An Interim Measures Agreement was signed by the Northwest Territory Métis Nation, the Federal Government, and the GNWT in June 2002. The Northwest Territory Métis Nation represents three Métis locals from the communities of Fort Smith, Hay River and Fort Resolution.

- The Government of the Northwest Territories (GNWT) is negotiating a land, resources and self-government agreement with Akaitcho Dene First Nations and the Federal Government. The Akaitcho Dene First Nations represent the Yellowknives Dene First Nation (Detah), Yellowknives Dene First Nation (N’dilo), Łutselk’e Dene First Nation, and Deninu Kue First Nation. In November 2005 an Interim Land Withdrawal Protocol was concluded. On November 2, 2006 the GNWT and the Akaitcho Dene First Nations reached an agreement on the interim withdrawal of 1034 hectares of Commissioner’s Land in the City of Yellowknife. On November 21, 2007 Canada and the Akaitcho Dene First Nations reached an agreement for the interim withdrawal of 62,000 km² of Federal Crown land within their asserted traditional territory.

- Currently there are no land-claim negotiations involving the North Slave Métis Alliance. The NSMA is, however, recognized as having consultation rights in their traditional territory, which extends across the North Slave region.

If you plan on doing research in the North Slave Region, please carefully read the items below.

**Crown and Tłı̨chǫ Private Lands**

The Tłı̨chǫ Lands Protection Department (TLPD), part of the Tłı̨chǫ Government, is responsible for administering and managing the lands received under the Tłı̨chǫ Land Claims and Self-government Act.

Note that you must contact the TLPD directly to confirm whether you need a permit to access Tłı̨chǫ Lands.

Direct your inquiries to:

Tłı̨chǫ Lands Director  
Tłı̨chǫ Lands Protection Department  
Tłı̨chǫ Government  
P.O. Box 412  
Behchokǫ, NT  
X0E 0Y0  
Phone: (867) 392-6381  
Fax: (867) 392-6389  
URL: [www.tlicho.com](http://www.tlicho.com)

You will require a Land Use Permit and/or a Water Licence if your activities in the North Slave Region will exceed certain thresholds. This is determined by the potential impacts of your proposed research on the environment. Activities that fall below the thresholds outlined in the Mackenzie Valley Land Use Regulations do not require a Land Use Permit. Activities that will require a Land Use Permit include, but are not restricted to: establishing a campsite with a duration exceeding 200 person-days: construction of a building with a footprint larger than 100 m².
and a height of more than 5 m; and petroleum fuel storage with a capacity that equals or exceeds 4,000 L. Water Licences are applied according to NWT Water Regulations criteria.

The Wek’eezhii Land and Water Board (WLWB) is responsible for issuing Land Use Permits and Water Licences within the Wek’eezhii Management Area. Outside this area in the North Slave Region, the Mackenzie Valley Land and Water Board (MVLWB) is responsible for issuing these permits and licences.

To determine whether your proposed activity requires a land use permit and/or water licence, to apply for either, or for more information on the WLWB and MVLWB, visit their websites or contact them at the following addresses:

Wek’eezhii Land and Water Board
Box 32
Wekweëti, NT
X0E 1W0
Phone: (867) 713-2500
Fax: (867) 713-2502
URL: www.wlwb.ca

Mackenzie Valley Land and Water Board
Box 2130
7th Floor - 4922 48th Street
Yellowknife, NT
X1A 2P6
Phone: (867) 669-0506
Fax: (867) 873-6610
Email: permits@mvlwb.com
URL: www.mvlwb.com

It is your responsibility as a researcher to contact the WLWB and/or MVLWB to determine whether you will require a Land Use Permit and/or Water Licence.

In addition, if you will conduct research that uses land within the municipal limits of any NWT community you should contact the GNWT Department of Municipal and Community Affairs (MACA) for a potential lease of Commissioner’s Lands (see Research in Commissioner’s Lands under section 2.C. Additional Research Licences and Permits).

Community Consultation
Before a Scientific Research Licence is issued by ARI, the researcher must effectively communicate with the appropriate community organizations and address any concerns, comments and suggestions regarding their proposed research.

Because the North Slave Region encompasses lands with and without finalized land claims, make sure you refer to the distribution list for your research licence to confirm which community organizations you must consult.

The following gives you a general guideline of the organizations to which ARI may distribute your application, regarding the different areas of the North Slave region:

- Tłı̨chǫ private lands: Tłı̨chǫ Government - Tłı̨chǫ Lands Protection Department (TLPD), Wek’eezhii Renewable Resources Board (WRRB), and North Slave Métis Alliance (NSMA);
• East and northeast area of the North Slave Region – outside the Tłı̨chǫ private lands block: Tłı̨chǫ Lands Protection Department (TLPD), Wekʻeэzhii Renewable Resources Board (WRRB), North Slave Métis Alliance (NSMA), Yellowknives Dene First Nation (YKDFN), Łutselkʼe Dene First Nation (LKDFN), and in the east corner of the region, also the Northwest Territories Métis Nation (NWTMN).

• South area of the North Slave Region – outside the Tłı̨chǫ private lands block: Yellowknives Dene First Nation (YKDFN), Wekʻeэzhii Renewable Resources Board (WRRB), North Slave Métis Alliance (NSMA), and in the Yellowknife area also the Northwest Territories Métis Nation (NWTMN).

Research applications in the Treaty 8 area (Akaitcho Territory Dene First Nations Asserted Traditional Territory, which is indicated above as the areas where the YKDFN and/or LKDFN are contacted) will be sent as a notification to the Akaitcho Territory Government (ATG). The ATG defers to the local communities to review research licence applications.

Research within the municipal limits of Yellowknife requires consultation with the city’s Municipal Council.

See below, and the following pages, for the contact information for organizations in the North Slave region.

Akaitcho Territory Government
Great Slave Lake Office
General Delivery
Fort Resolution, NT
X0E 0M0
Phone: (867) 394-3313
Fax: (867) 394-3413
Email: at_govt@northwestel.net
Web: www.akaitcho.info
Figure 5 - North Slave Region
## Table 5 - Community Contacts in the North Slave Region

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Community</th>
<th>Aboriginal Government / First Nation / Métis Org.</th>
<th>Renewable Resources Organization</th>
<th>Municipal Council</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Gamètì | Tłı̨chǫ Lands Director  
Tłı̨chǫ Lands Protection Department | | |
| Behchokǫ̂ (Rae-Edzo) | Tłı̨chǫ Government  
P.O. Box 412 | | |
| Wekweètì | Behchokǫ̂, NT  
X0E 0Y0 | | |
| Whatì | Phone: (867) 392-6381  
Fax: (867) 392-6389  
URL: [www.tlicho.com](http://www.tlicho.com) | | |

**East and Northeast area of North Slave Region**

| Community | Aboriginal Government / First Nation (Detah and N’dilo) Chiefs  
P.O. Box 2514  
Yellowknife, NT  
X1A 2P8  
Phone: (867) 920-2925  
Fax: (867) 873-8517 | Renewable Resources Organization | Municipal Council |
|-----------|--------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------|
| Łutselk’è Dene First Nation Chief  
P.O. Box 28  
Łutselk’è, NT  
X0E 1A0  
Phone: (867) 370-3197  
Fax: (867) 370-3143 | Yellowknives Dene First Nation - Land & Environment Committee Chair  
P.O. Box 2514  
Yellowknife, NT  
X1A 2P8  
Phone: (867) 766-3496  
Fax: (867) 766-3497  
E-mail: [environment@ykdene.com](mailto:environment@ykdene.com) | | |
| Łutselk’è Dene First Nation - Wildlife, Lands and Environment Committee Chair  
P.O. Box 28  
Łutselk’è, NT  
X0E 1A0  
Phone: (867) 370-3197  
Fax: (867) 370-3143 | | | |
|Southern area of North Slave Region| Yellowknives Dene First Nation (Detah and N’dilo) Chiefs  
P.O. Box 2514  
Yellowknife, NT  
X1A 2P8| Yellowknives Dene First Nation - Land & Environment Committee Chair  
P.O. Box 2514  
Yellowknife, NT  
X1A 2P8| City of Yellowknife Mayor  
P.O. Box 580  
Yellowknife, NT  
X1A 2N4|
|---|---|---|---|
|Yellowknife| Phone: (867) 920-2925  
Fax: (867) 873-8517| E-mail: environment@ykdene.com| Phone: (867) 920-5600  
Fax: (867) 920-5649  
URL: www.yellowknife.ca|
|NWT Métis Nation  
P.O. Box 720  
Fort Smith, NT  
X0E 0P0  
Tel: (867) 872-2770  
Fax: (867) 872-3586  
E-mail: rcc.nwtmn@northwestel.net| NWT Métis Nation  
P.O. Box 720  
Fort Smith, NT  
X0E 0P0  
Tel: (867) 872-2770  
Fax: (867) 872-3586  
E-mail: rcc.nwtmn@northwestel.net| E-mail: rcc.nwtmn@northwestel.net|
|Throughout the North Slave Region| Wek’èezhii Renewable Resources Board  
202-5103 51st Street  
Yellowknife, NT  
X1A 2P3  
Phone: (867) 873-5740  
Fax: (867) 873-5743  
URL: www.wrrb.ca| North Slave Métis Alliance  
P.O. Box 2301  
Yellowknife, NT  
X1A 2P7  
Phone: (867) 873-6762  
Fax: (867) 669-7442  
E-mail: lands@nsma.net|
E. Regions Where Land Claims are presently under Negotiation

The Dehcho and South Slave Regions are presently under land claim negotiations. These regions include the:

- Dehcho First Nations Interim Measurement Agreement (IMA) area;
- Northwest Territories Métis Nation (NWTMN) Interim Measurement Agreement (IMA) area;
- Akaitcho Territory Government (Treaty #8 Tribal Council) Asserted Traditional Territory – the proposed traditional territory as asserted by the Akaitcho;
- Acho Dene Koe First Nation Asserted Traditional Territory – proposed traditional territory as asserted by the Acho Dene Koe.

Below is the current status of each land claim or negotiation listed above (fall 2010):


- The Northwest Territory Métis Nation represents three Métis locals from the communities of Fort Smith, Hay River and Fort Resolution. In 1996, the Northwest Territory Métis Nation (formally the South Slave Métis Council), the Federal Government, and the GNWT signed a Process and Schedule Agreement that guides these negotiations. An Interim Measures Agreement was signed by the Northwest Territory Métis Nation, the Federal Government, and the GNWT in June 2002.

- The Government of the Northwest Territories (GNWT) is negotiating a land, resources and self-government agreement with Akaitcho Dene First Nations and the Federal Government. The Akaitcho Dene First Nations represent the Yellowknives Dene First Nation (Detah), Yellowknives Dene First Nation (N'dilo), Lutselk'e Dene First Nation, and Deninu Kue First Nation. In November 2005 an Interim Land Withdrawal Protocol was concluded. On November 2, 2006 the GNWT and the Akaitcho Dene First Nations reached an agreement on the interim withdrawal of 1034 hectares of Commissioner’s Land in the City of Yellowknife. On November 21, 2007 Canada and the Akaitcho Dene First Nations reached an agreement for the interim withdrawal of 62,000 km² of Federal Crown land within their asserted traditional territory.

- The Acho Dene Koe First Nation, Canada, and the GNWT are negotiating a land, resource and self government agreement. The Acho Dene Koe First Nation represents the Dene and Métis who are indigenous to the Fort Liard area. The Framework Agreement signed in Fort Liard on July 14, 2008, commits the parties to a two-phased approach to negotiations. The Phase One Final Agreement will focus on addressing land and resources. The Phase Two Final Agreement will focus on addressing self government.

If you plan on doing research in the Dehcho and/or South Slave Regions, please carefully read the items in the following pages.
Crown Lands

You will require a Land Use Permit and/or a Water Licence if your activities in the Dehcho and/or South Slave Regions will exceed certain thresholds. This is determined by the potential impacts of your proposed research on the environment. Activities that fall below the thresholds outlined in the Mackenzie Valley Land Use Regulations do not require a Land Use Permit. Activities that will require a Land Use Permit include, but are not restricted to: establishing a campsite with a duration exceeding 200 person-days; construction of a building with a footprint of more than 100 m² and a height of more than 5 m; and petroleum fuel storage with a capacity that equals or exceeds 4 000 L. Water Licences are applied according to NWT Water Regulations criteria.

The Mackenzie Valley Land and Water Board (MVLWB) is responsible for issuing Land Use Permits and Water Licences in the Dehcho and/or South Slave Regions.

To determine whether your proposed research requires a land use permit and/or water licence, to apply for a permit and/or licence, or for more information on the MVLWB, visit their website or contact them at:

Mackenzie Valley Land and Water Board
Box 2130
7th Floor - 4922 48th Street
Yellowknife, NT
X1A 2P6
Phone: (867) 669-0506
Fax: (867) 873-6610
Email: permits@mvlwb.com
URL: www.mvlwb.com

It is your responsibility as a researcher to contact the MVLWB to determine whether you require a Land Use Permit and/or Water Licence.

In addition, if you will conduct research that uses land within the municipal limits of any NWT community you should contact the GNWT Department of Municipal and Community Affairs (MACA) for a potential lease of Commissioner’s Lands (see Research in Commissioner’s Lands under section 2.C. Additional Research Licences and Permits).

Community Consultation

Before a Scientific Research Licence is issued by ARI, the researcher must effectively communicate with the appropriate community organizations and address any concerns, comments and suggestions regarding their proposed research.

Because the Dehcho and South Slave Regions are still in land claim negotiations, make sure you refer to the distribution list for your research licence application to confirm which community organizations you must consult.

As land claim issues are settled and the appropriate boards and committees are set up in these regions, the consultation process will likely change. At present, these are the general guidelines for the consultation process for proposed research in the Dehcho and South Slave Regions:

1) If your research will take place within the municipal limits of the community, contact the Municipal Council(s).

2) If your research will involve community residents, contact the local Band Council(s) and Métis Local(s)/NWT Métis Nation.
3) If your research will take place outside the community’s municipal limits, contact the local renewable resources organization. If the community does not have an established renewable resources organization, contact the local Band Council and/or Métis Local/NWT Métis Nation.

4) All researchers must contact the appropriate Regional Councils and Committees regarding their studies.

5) Note that research outside municipal limits often affects more than one community, depending on the location of your field work.

**Dehcho**

All communities in the Dehcho region are members of the Dehcho First Nations (DCFN), except the Acho Dene Koe Band, in Fort Liard. The DCFN receives applications for all research related to its member communities via the online licensing system, but for their information only. The DCFN usually defers to local communities for the review of research licence applications.

Dehcho First Nations  
P.O. Box 89  
Fort Simpson, NT  
X0E 0N0  
Phone: (867) 695-2610  
Fax: (867) 695-2038  
URL: [www.dehcho.org](http://www.dehcho.org)

Figure 6 depicts the boundaries of the Dehcho Region.

For contact information for organizations in the Dehcho region, see the following pages.
Figure 6 - Dehcho Region
## Table 6 - Community Contacts in the Dehcho Region

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Community</th>
<th>Band Council / Métis Local</th>
<th>Renewable Resources Organization</th>
<th>Municipal Council</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Enterprise</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Enterprise Settlement Council Mayor 526 Robin Road Enterprise, NT X0E 0R1 Phone: (867) 984-3491 Fax: (867) 984-3400 E-mail: <a href="mailto:admin@enterprisenwt.com">admin@enterprisenwt.com</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fort Liard</td>
<td>Acho Dene Koe Band Chief General Delivery Fort Liard, NT X0G 0A0 Phone: (867) 770-4104 Fax: (867) 770-4004 Fort Liard Métis Local #67 President P.O. Box 81 Fort Liard, NT X0G 0A0 Phone: (867) 770-3265</td>
<td></td>
<td>Hamlet of Fort Liard Mayor General Delivery Fort Liard, NT X0G 0A0 Phone: (867) 770-4104 Fax: (867) 770-4004 E-mail: <a href="mailto:sao@ftliard.com">sao@ftliard.com</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fort Providence</td>
<td>Deh Gah Got’ie Dene Council Executive Director P.O. Box 200 Fort Providence, NT X0E 0L0 Phone: (867) 699-7000 Fax: (867) 699-3134 Fort Providence Métis Council Local #57 President P.O. Box 319 Fort Providence, NT X0E 0L0 Phone: (867) 699-4320 Fax: (867) 699-4319 E-mail: <a href="mailto:pvmetis@ssimicro.com">pvmetis@ssimicro.com</a></td>
<td>Fort Providence Resource Management Board Chairman P.O. Box 226 Fort Providence, NT X0E 0L0 Phone: (867) 699-3314 Fax: (867) 699-3133 E-mail: <a href="mailto:fprmb@airware.ca">fprmb@airware.ca</a></td>
<td>Hamlet of Fort Providence Mayor P.O. Box 290 Fort Providence, NT X0E 0L0 Phone: (867) 699-3441 Fax: (867) 699-3360</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Location</td>
<td>Organization</td>
<td>Contact Information</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fort Simpson</td>
<td>Liidlii Kue First Nation Chief</td>
<td>P.O. Box 469, Fort Simpson, NT X0E 0N0. Phone: (867) 695-3131, E-mail: <a href="mailto:drc@liidliikue.com">drc@liidliikue.com</a></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fort Simpson Métis Local President #52</td>
<td>P.O. Box 408, Fort Simpson, NT X0E 0N0. Phone: (867) 695-2431, E-mail: <a href="mailto:ftsimpson_metis@airware.ca">ftsimpson_metis@airware.ca</a></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Denendeh Resource Committee Lands and Environment Director</td>
<td>P.O. Box 469, Fort Simpson, NT X0E 0N0. Phone: (867) 695-3131, Fax: (867) 695-2665, E-mail: <a href="mailto:resources@liidliikue.com">resources@liidliikue.com</a></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Village of Fort Simpson Mayor</td>
<td>P.O. Box 438, Fort Simpson, NT X0E 0N0. Phone: (867) 695-2253, Fax: (867) 695-2005, E-mail: <a href="mailto:samotof@northwestel.net">samotof@northwestel.net</a>, URL: <a href="http://www.fortsimpson.com">www.fortsimpson.com</a></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Hay River</td>
<td>West Point First Nation Chief</td>
<td>#1 47031 Mackenzie Hwy., Hay River, NT X0E 0R9. Phone: (867) 874-6677, Fax: (867) 874-2486</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>NWT Métis Nation</td>
<td>P.O. Box 720, Fort Smith, NT X0E 0P0. Tel: (867) 872-2770, Fax: (867) 872-3586, E-mail: <a href="mailto:rcc.nwtmn@northwestel.net">rcc.nwtmn@northwestel.net</a></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Town of Hay River Mayor</td>
<td>#73 Woodland Drive, Hay River, NT X0E 1G1. Phone: (867) 874-6522, Fax: (867) 874-3237, E-mail: <a href="mailto:townhall@hayriver.com">townhall@hayriver.com</a>, URL: <a href="http://www.hayriver.com">www.hayriver.com</a></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Location</td>
<td>Contact Information</td>
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<td>-----------------------</td>
<td>--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Hay River Reserve     | Hay River Dene Band /Katlodeeche First Nation Chief  
P.O. Box 3060  
Hay River Dene Reserve #1, NT  
X0E 1G4  
Phone: (867) 874-6701  
Fax: (867) 874-3229  
E-mail: hrdb@ssimicro.com |
|                       | NWT Métis Nation  
P.O. Box 720  
Fort Smith, NT  
X0E 0P0  
Tel: (867) 872-2770  
Fax: (867) 872-3586  
E-mail: rcc.nwtmn@northwestel.net |
| Jean Marie River      | Jean Marie River First Nation Chief  
General Delivery  
Jean Marie River, NT  
X0E 0N0  
Phone: (867) 809-2000  
Fax: (867) 809-2002  
E-mail: chief@jmrfirstnation.com |
| Kakisa Lake           | Ka’a’gee Tu First Nation Chief  
P.O. Box 4428  
Kakisa, NT  
X0E 1G3  
Phone: (867) 825-2000  
Fax: (867) 825-2002  
Ka’a’gee Tu Hunters and Trappers Association President  
P.O. Box 4428  
Kakisa, NT  
X0E 1G3  
Phone: (867) 825-2000  
Fax: (867) 825-2002 |
| Nahanni Butte         | Nahanni Butte Dene Council Chief  
General Delivery  
Nahanni Butte, NT  
X0E 0N0  
Phone: (867) 602-2900  
Fax: (867) 602-2910 |
South Slave (Akaitcho Territory)
The Akaitcho Territory Government (ATG) represents all South Slave communities. The ATG receives applications for all research in the South Slave Region via the online licensing system, but for their information only. The ATG usually defers to local communities for the review of research licence applications.

Akaitcho Territory Government
Great Slave Lake Office
General Delivery
Fort Resolution, NT
X0E 0M0
Phone: (867) 394-3313
Fax: (867) 394-3413
Email: at_govt@northwestel.net
Web: www.akaitcho.info

Figure 7 depicts the boundaries of the South Slave Region.

For contact information for organizations in the South Slave, see the following pages.
Figure 7 - South Slave Region
### Table 7 - Community Contacts in the South Slave Region

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Community</th>
<th>Métis Local/Band Council</th>
<th>Hunters and Trappers Committee (HTC)/Resource Management Board</th>
<th>Municipal Council</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fort Resolution</td>
<td>Deninu K’ue First Nation Chief</td>
<td>Deninu K’ue First Nation Environment and Conservation Committee Chairperson</td>
<td>Fort Resolution Settlement Corporation/Deninoo Community Council Mayor General Delivery Fort Resolution, NT X0E 0M0 Phone: (867) 394-4556 Fax: (867) 394-5415 Email: <a href="mailto:tausia.sao@gmail.com">tausia.sao@gmail.com</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>P.O. Box 1899 Fort Resolution, NT X0E 0M0 Phone: (867) 394-4335 Fax: (867) 394-5122</td>
<td>P.O. Box 1899 Fort Resolution, NT X0E 0M0 Phone: (867) 394-4335 Fax: (867) 394-5122</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>NWT Métis Nation P.O. Box 720 Fort Smith, NT X0E 0P0 Tel: (867) 872-2770 Fax: (867) 872-3586 E-mail: <a href="mailto:rcc.nwtmn@northwestel.net">rcc.nwtmn@northwestel.net</a></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Deninu K’ue First Nation Environment and Conservation Committee Chairperson</td>
<td>Fort Resolution Settlement Corporation/Deninoo Community Council Mayor General Delivery Fort Resolution, NT X0E 0M0 Phone: (867) 394-4556 Fax: (867) 394-5415 Email: <a href="mailto:tausia.sao@gmail.com">tausia.sao@gmail.com</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fort Smith</td>
<td>Salt River First Nation Chief</td>
<td>Smith’s Landing First Nation Chief</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>P.O. Box 960 Fort Smith, NT X0E 0P0 Phone: (867) 872-2986 Fax: (867) 872-3550</td>
<td>P.O. Box 1470 Fort Smith, NT X0E 0P0 Phone: (867) 872-4950 Fax: (867) 872-5154 URL: <a href="http://www.slfn.net">www.slfn.net</a></td>
<td>Town of Fort Smith Mayor P.O. Box 147 Fort Smith, NT X0E 0P0 Phone: (867) 872-8400 Fax: (867) 872-8401 E-mail: <a href="mailto:townfs@gardtal.com">townfs@gardtal.com</a> URL: <a href="http://www.town.fort-smith.nt.ca">www.town.fort-smith.nt.ca</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>NWT Métis Nation P.O. Box 720 Fort Smith, NT X0E 0P0 Tel: (867) 872-2770 Fax: (867) 872-3586 E-mail: <a href="mailto:rcc.nwtmn@northwestel.net">rcc.nwtmn@northwestel.net</a></td>
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<tr>
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<td></td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Łutsel’ke (Snowdrift) | Łutsel’ke Dene First Nation Chief  
P.O. Box 28  
Łutsel’ke, NT  
X0E 1A0  
Phone: (867) 370-3197  
Fax: (867) 370-3143 | Łutsel’ke Wildlife, Lands and Environment Committee Chair  
P.O. Box 28  
Łutsel’ke, NT  
X0E 1A0  
Phone: (867) 370-3197  
Fax: (867) 370-3143 |
4. Support for Researchers

A. Aurora Research Institute Facilities

The Aurora Research Institute (ARI) operates three facilities, the Inuvik, North Slave and South Slave Research Centres. These facilities provide support to researchers operating in, respectively, the Inuvik, Yellowknife and Fort Smith regions. ARI facilities may be used by anyone conducting research, regardless of the sponsoring agency.

Inuvik Research Centre

The Inuvik Research Centre has been in operation since 1964. It is ideally located to support researchers working in the northern NWT and northern Yukon. Inuvik is located just south of the tree line on the eastern edge of the Mackenzie Delta, and acts as a regional centre for the Western Arctic. With a resident population of 3,484 (2006 Census), Inuvik is accessible by road via the Dempster Highway (for most of the year – be sure to check for seasonal road closures) or by air from Edmonton, Yellowknife and Whitehorse (year-round).

In 2011, the Inuvik Research Centre moved to a new building, the Western Arctic Research Centre (WARC). This new facility was awarded under the Arctic Research Infrastructure Fund (part of the Government of Canada’s Economic Action Plan), with additional support from the territorial and community governments. WARC was built adjacent to the previous site of the Inuvik Research Centre. The new facility will provide improved services to researchers, as well as to the local community.

To date, well over 3,000 research projects have been conducted using the support of the Inuvik facility. It operates year-round and can provide researchers with office and laboratory space, access to a research library, and internet access. ARI accommodations are located near the research centre, and can host up to 24 researchers at a time. In addition, the centre is equipped with storage and freezer facilities and can provide field equipment and support to researchers. Examples of equipment available include snowmobiles, toboggans, boats and motors, tents, satellite phones, winter gear, and camping equipment. Contact the Manager of the Inuvik Research Centre for a complete list of available items and a current fee schedule. The research centre can also provide research and monitoring services on a contractual basis or facilitate the hiring of local research assistants. The manager can also be contacted for information on regional field stations.

For more information contact:

Manager, Inuvik Research Centre
P.O. Box 1450
191 Mackenzie Road
Inuvik, NT CANADA
X0E 0T0
Phone: (867) 777-3298 ext. 232
Fax: (867) 777-4264
Email: inuvik@nwtresearch.com
URL: www.nwtresearch.com

South Slave Research Centre

The South Slave Research Centre is located in Fort Smith, on the Thebacha Campus of Aurora College. Fort Smith lies on the west bank of the Slave River at the Alberta/NWT border, and is the home of Wood Buffalo National Park headquarters. This community of 2,364 (2006 Census) residents is accessible both by road and air.
The facility can provide office space, shared laboratory space, GIS capabilities, access to the Thebacha Campus Library, and internet access. Please contact the Manager of the South Slave Research Centre for a current fee schedule. The Facility conducts research as required by the community, and can act as a liaison, carry out contractual research, and assist in the hiring of local research assistants.

The South Slave Research Centre also has mapping resources available to researchers, including ArcGIS Spatial Analyst, 3D Analyst, Geostatistical Analyst and other extension software. It also has a plotter for printing out large format maps and posters. ARI, through the GIS Manager in Fort Smith, partners with researchers and conducts geospatial mapping and analysis for a variety of projects.

For more information contact:

Manager, South Slave Research Centre
P.O. Box 45
Fort Smith, NT
X0E 0P0
Phone: (867) 872-4909
Fax: (867) 872-5024
E-mail: forsmith@nwtresearch.com
URL: www.nwtresearch.com

North Slave Research Centre
The North Slave Research Centre's office is located in Yellowknife, on the North Slave Campus of Aurora College, and provides support to researchers in this region.

For more information contact:

Manager, North Slave Research Centre
5004-54th Street
Yellowknife, NT
X1A 2R3
Phone: (867) 920-3062
Fax: (867) 873-0358
E-mail: yellowknife@nwtresearch.com
URL: www.nwtresearch.com

B. Northern Colleges
Similar to the Aurora Research Institute of Aurora College in the Northwest Territories, the colleges in Nunavut and the Yukon provide support to northern research in their respective territories:

Nunavut Arctic College
The Nunavut Research Institute, part of the Nunavut Arctic College, operates the Iqaluit Research Centre.

Services offered by the Iqaluit Research Centre include: research and data collection; research licensing; provision of some logistical support for Nunavut-based and visiting researchers; community liaison; identification, promotion, testing and development of technology; information
on northern science and technology training opportunities; and promoting awareness of science, research, technology and traditional knowledge in Nunavut.

Nunavut Research Institute
Box 1720
Iqaluit, NU
X0A OHO
Phone: (867) 979-7280
Fax: (867) 979-7109
URL: www.nri.nu.ca

Yukon College
The Northern Research Institute, a division of Yukon College, provides research services and support to the College and other organizations.

Northern Research Institute
500 College Drive, PO Box 2799
Whitehorse, YT
Y1A 5K4
Phone: (867) 668-8772
Fax: (867) 456-8672
URL: www.yukoncollege.yk.ca

C. Other Support
In addition to ARI, a number of organizations offer support for research projects in the NWT:

Arctic Institute of North America (AINA)
AINA is a non-profit organization and multi-disciplinary research institute based out of the University of Calgary. It is also responsible for the Kluane Lake Research Station (KLRS) in the Yukon.

Arctic Institute of North America (AINA)
University of Calgary
2500 University Dr. N.W.
Calgary, AB
T2N 1N4
Phone: (403) 220-7515
Fax: (403) 282-4609
Email: arctic@ucalgary.ca
URL: www.arctic.ucalgary.ca

ArcticNet
ArcticNet is a large research network funded by the Government of Canada through the Networks of Centres of Excellence (NCE) program.

ArcticNet Inc.
Pavillon Alexandre-Vachon, Room 4081
1045, avenue de la Médecine,
Laval University
Québec City QC
G1V 0A6
Canadian Circumpolar Institute (CCI)
CCI promotes and supports research, education and training related to the boreal and circumpolar regions (Arctic and Antarctica). The following areas form the core of its regular activities: research support and services; grants and scholarships; communication and knowledge transfer, and graduate research support and training.

Canadian Circumpolar Institute (CCI)
Room 1-42 Pembina Hall
University of Alberta
Edmonton AB
T6G 2H8
Phone: (780) 492-4512
Fax: (780) 492-1153
URL: www.uofaweb.ualberta.ca/CCI/

Canadian Polar Commission (CPC)
The Canadian Polar Commission has responsibility for: monitoring, promoting, and disseminating knowledge of the polar regions; contributing to public awareness of the importance of polar science to Canada; enhancing Canada's international profile as a circumpolar nation; and recommending polar science policy direction to government.

A map of all Northern Research Facilities (including field stations) is available on their website under: Home >> Canadian Polar Information Network (CPIN) >> Northern Research Facilities (http://www.polarcom.gc.ca/index.php?page=northern-research-facilities&hl=en_US).

Canadian Polar Commission
Suite 1710, Constitution Square
360 Albert Street
Ottawa, ON
K1R 7X7
Phone: (613) 943-8605
Fax: (613) 943-8607
E-mail: mail@polarcom.gc.ca
URL: www.polarcom.gc.ca

Northern Contaminants Program (NCP)
The NCP allocates funds for contaminants research in the North and related activities in four main areas: human health research, environmental monitoring and research, education and communications, and national/regional coordination and Aboriginal partnerships.

Northern Science and Contaminants Research Directorate
Indian and Northern Affairs Canada (INAC)
10 Wellington Street
Hull, QC
K1A 0H4

Email: plcn-ncp@ainc-inac.gc.ca
URL: www.ainc-inac.gc.ca/nth/cl/ncp
Northern Scientific Training Program (NSTP)

The aim of NSTP is to promote interest in northern studies and provide opportunities for advanced and graduate students to obtain experience and professional training in the North. NSTP is a supplementary granting program to offset the additional costs of northern research.

Northern Scientific Training Program (NSTP)
Secretary
NSTP Committee
Northern Science and Contaminants Research Directorate
Indian and Northern Affairs Canada (INAC)
360 Albert, Suite 1023
Ottawa, ON
K1R 7X7
Phone: (613) 995-6965
Fax: (613) 995-7029
E-mail: pfsn-nstp@ainc-inac.gc.ca
URL: www.ainc-inac.gc.ca/nth/st/nstp

Polar Continental Shelf Project (PCSP)

PCSP provides logistical assistance in the form of air support, radio schedules and equipment. Its base at Resolute Bay on Cornwallis Island in the eastern Arctic serves as a staging area for research conducted in many locations in the Arctic. For more information contact:

Polar Continental Shelf Program
Executive Director
615 Booth Street, Room 487
Ottawa, ON
K1A 0E9
Phone: (613) 947-1650
Fax: (613) 947-1611
E-mail: pcsn-pcs@nrcan.gc.ca
URL: www.polar.nrcan.gc.ca
5. APPENDICES

Appendix A. Scientists Act

CONSORTIATION OF SCIENTISTS ACT R.S.N.W.T. 1988, c.S-4
AS AMENDED BY:
This consolidation is not an official statement of the law. It is an office consolidation prepared by
Legislation Division, Department of Justice, for convenience only. The authoritative text of
statutes can be ascertained from the Revised Statutes of the Northwest Territories, 1988 and the
Annual Volumes of the Statutes of the Northwest Territories.
Any certified Bills not yet included in the Annual Volumes can be obtained through the Office of
the Clerk of the Legislative Assembly. Copies of this consolidation and other Government of the
Northwest Territories publications can be obtained at the following address:

Canarctic Graphics
5102-50th Street
P.O. Box 2758
Yellowknife NT X1A 2R1
Telephone: (867) 873-5924
Fax: (867) 920-4371

<p>| Application of Act to wildlife | 1. This Act does not apply to scientific research on wildlife or the collection of specimens of wildlife as defined in the Wildlife Act. |
| Authority to carry on scientific research | 2. No person shall carry on scientific research in or based on the Territories, or collect specimens in the Territories for use in scientific research, unless (a) he or she is the holder of a licence issued under this Act; or (b) the research consists solely of archaeological work for which a permit has been issued under the Northwest Territories Archaeological Sites Regulations made under the Northwest Territories Act (Canada). |
| Issue of licence | 3. (1) The Commissioner may issue licences, subject to the conditions that the Commissioner may determine, that authorize the holders of the licences to carry out scientific research in or based on the Territories. |
| Time for issuing licences | (2) The Commissioner shall issue a licence within one year after the receipt of the application for a licence unless, in the opinion of the Commissioner, to be stated in writing with the reasons for the opinion, the research proposed to be carried out might be injurious to or unduly interfere with the natural and social environment of the Territories or any part of that environment. |
| Powers respecting licences | (3) The Commissioner may at any time, for any cause that to the Commissioner seems sufficient, extend, renew, alter or revoke a licence issued under this section. |
| Statement of information | 4. (1) Every applicant for a licence shall provide |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Change in information</td>
<td>(2) Where any material change takes place after the provision of the information referred to in subsection (1), the applicant shall without delay provide corrected information to the Commissioner or a person designated by the Commissioner.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reports and other information</td>
<td>5. (1) Every person to whom a licence is issued under this Act shall, within six months after the date on which the licence expires, furnish in duplicate to the Commissioner or a person designated by the Commissioner, (a) a report setting out the scientific work done and the information obtained; and (b) such other information as the Commissioner may determine.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Extension of time</td>
<td>(2) The Commissioner may, as the Commissioner sees fit, extend the time for submission of the report and other information required under subsection (1).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specimens</td>
<td>6. Where a person to whom a licence is issued under this Act collects any specimens, the Commissioner may require that person to submit to the Commissioner or a person designated by the Commissioner any or all of the specimens collected, and the specimens may be disposed of in the manner that the Commissioner considers proper.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Offence and punishment</td>
<td>7. Every person who contravenes this Act or the regulations or a condition of a licence issued under this Act is guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding $1,000 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months or to both.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Regulations</td>
<td>8. The Commissioner, on the recommendation of the Minister, may make such regulations as the Commissioner considers necessary for carrying out the purposes and provisions of this Act.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

An online version of this document is available at [http://www.canlii.org/](http://www.canlii.org/).
CODIFICATION ADMINISTRATIVE DE LA LOI SUR LES SCIENTIFIQUES L.R.T.N.-O. 1988, ch. S-4
MODIFIÉE PAR:
Les projets de loi certifiés ne figurant pas dans les volumes annuels peuvent être obtenus en s'adressant au bureau du greffier de l'Assemblée législative. On peut également obtenir des copies de la présente codification et d'autres publications du gouvernement des Territoires du Nord-Ouest en communiquant avec:

Canarctic Graphics
5102, 50e Rue
C.P. 2758
Yellowknife NT X1A 2R1
Téléphone: (867) 873-5924
Télécopieur: (867) 920-4371

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Application à la faune</th>
<th>1. La présente loi ne s'applique ni à la recherche scientifique sur la faune ni au prélèvement de spécimens de la faune au sens de la Loi sur la faune.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Pouvoir de faire de la recherche scientifique | 2. Il est interdit de faire de la recherche scientifique dans les territoires ou concernant les territoires, ou de prélever des spécimens dans les territoires pour les utiliser en recherche scientifique, à moins :
a) soit d'être titulaire d'un permis délivré en conformité avec la présente loi;
b) soit de limiter la recherche à des travaux archéologiques pour lesquels un permis a été délivré en conformité avec le Règlement sur les lieux archéologiques des Territoires du Nord-Ouest pris en application de la Loi sur les Territoires du Nord-Ouest (Canada). |
<p>| Délivrance | 3. (1) Le commissaire peut délivrer des permis, assortis des conditions qu'il peut imposer, autorisant les titulaires à faire de la recherche scientifique dans les territoires ou concernant les territoires. |
| Délai de délivrance | (2) Le commissaire délivre un permis dans l'année qui suit la réception de la demande de permis à moins que, selon son avis écrit et motivé, le projet de recherche risque de nuire ou de porter indûment atteinte à tout ou partie de l'environnement naturel et social des territoires. |
| Pouvoirs du commissaire | (3) Le commissaire peut, à tout moment et pour toute raison qu'il estime suffisante, proroger, renouveler, modifier ou révoquer le permis délivré en conformité avec le présent article. |
| Renseignements joints à la demande | 4. (1) L'auteur d'une demande de permis |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>An online version of this document is available at <a href="http://www.canlii.org/">http://www.canlii.org/</a>.</th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>fournit une déclaration exacte comprenant les renseignements que le commissaire peut exiger sur le projet de recherche scientifique.</td>
<td>Corrections à apporter</td>
<td>(2) Si un changement important survient après que les renseignements visés au paragraphe (1) aient été donnés, l'auteur de la demande de permis fournit sans tarder au commissaire ou à la personne que celui-ci désigne les corrections nécessaires.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rapports et autres renseignements</td>
<td>5. (1) Au cours des six mois qui suivent la date à laquelle le permis expire, le titulaire d'un permis délivré en conformité avec la présente loi fournit, en double exemplaire, au commissaire ou à la personne que celui-ci désigne : a) un rapport sur les travaux scientifiques effectués et les renseignements obtenus; b) les autres renseignements que le commissaire peut exiger.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prorogation du délai</td>
<td>(2) Le commissaire peut, s'il le juge indiqué, proroger le délai de présentation du rapport et des renseignements exigés aux termes du paragraphe (1).</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spécimens</td>
<td>6. Lorsque le titulaire d'un permis délivré en conformité avec la présente loi prélève des spécimens, le commissaire peut exiger qu'il lui donne ou qu'il donne à la personne qu'il désigne tout ou partie des spécimens prélevés. Le commissaire peut prendre les mesures qu'il juge appropriées à l'égard de ces spécimens.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Infraction et peine</td>
<td>7. Quiconque contrevient à la présente loi, aux règlements ou à une condition d'un permis délivré en conformité avec la présente loi commet une infraction et encourt, sur déclaration de culpabilité par procédure sommaire, une amende maximale de 1 000 $, un emprisonnement maximal de six mois, ou les deux peines.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Règlements</td>
<td>8. Sur recommandation du ministre, le commissaire peut prendre les règlements qu'il estime nécessaires à l'application de la présente loi.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Appendix B. Other Licences and Permits

In addition to a Scientific Research Licence from the Aurora Research Institute, you may require other licences or permits in order to conduct your research. Contact the appropriate agency for more information.

Customs: International researchers may require a work visa to conduct research in Canada. Also, equipment and samples for research purposes may have to be imported to Canada, or exported back to their country of origin. For more information, visit Citizenship and Immigration Canada at www.cic.gc.ca, and the Canada Border Services Agency at www.cbsa-asfc.gc.ca.

Department of National Defence (DND) Properties - Access Permission: Access to DND property is controlled, and in some areas may be restricted or even prohibited. For more information, contact:

Department of National Defence
National Defence Headquarters
Major-General George R. Pearkes Building
101 Colonel By Drive
Ottawa, ON
K1A 0K2
Phone: (613) 995-2534
Fax: (613) 992-4739

Or

Northern Region Headquarters
Department of National Defence
P.O. Box 6666
Yellowknife, NT
X1A 2R3
Phone: (867) 873-0700

Export Permits: It is an offence to remove any wildlife or wildlife parts, other than a manufactured product, from the NWT unless you have a Wildlife Export Permit. Permits are available from regional Environment and Natural Resources (ENR) offices. A Marine Mammal Export Permit is required to transport marine mammals, or parts of marine mammals, out of the NWT. This permit is issued by Fisheries and Oceans Canada (DFO).

In addition, the Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Fauna and Flora (CITES) was established to control the import and export of species that are considered to be rare or endangered. You will need a CITES permit to import or export specimens of species listed by CITES to/from Canada. For more information visit www.ec.gc.ca/cites/ or contact:

CITES Management Authority Office
Environment Canada - Canadian Wildlife Service
Ottawa, Ontario, K1A 0H3
Tel: (819) 997-1840
Fax: (819) 953-6283
Field Work on Federal Crown Lands - Land Use Permit: Those conducting field work on federal crown land require a Land Use Permit if their research activities are likely to have significant impacts on the environment.

For activities taking place in the Mackenzie Valley, apply to the Mackenzie Valley Land and Water Board for a land use permit, except for those regions with a settled claim such as the Gwich'in, Sahtu and Tłı̨chǫ regions. Each of these has their own respective boards who review permit applications for both Crown and private lands. In the Inuvialuit Settlement Region, land use permits for the use of Crown Lands are obtained from INAC, and for the use of Inuvialuit Lands, from the Inuvialuit Land Administration office.

More information can be found in these publications:

INAC’s Operations Directorate administers the field activities of the department in the NWT through its district and sub-district offices. It regulates the use of land under the Territorial Lands Act and the Federal Real Property Act through its Land Administration office. District offices are located throughout the NWT and are responsible for the administration, inspection and enforcement of environmental legislation.


For information about conducting field work on Private Lands, go to prior sections of this guide – under each region’s Crown and Private Lands item under 3. Land Claim Regions and Community Contacts.

For information about conducting field work on Commissioner’s Lands, go to this guide’s item Research in Commissioner’s Lands, under sub-section 2.C. Additional Research Licences and Permits.

Canadian Firearms Program: You are required to have a licence to possess and register a firearm, and to obtain ammunition, in Canada. Your licence must be kept valid for as long as you possess firearms. A Possession and Acquisition Licence (PAL) is required for Canadian residents 18 and older who wish to possess or acquire any firearm (including for use as safety equipment in the field). For more information, visit [www.rcmp-grc.gc.ca/cfp-pcaf](http://www.rcmp-grc.gc.ca/cfp-pcaf).
Radio Licence: You are required to have a licence if you wish to operate a radio transmitter. Parties who are issued field radios by the Polar Continental Shelf Project or the Aurora Research Institute are already covered by their respective permits and do not require a separate permit. For more information, visit http://www.ic.gc.ca/eic/site/smt-gst.nsf/eng/home, or contact:

Spectrum Management and Telecommunications
Industry Canada
Government of Canada
Northwest Territories and Nunavut District
(Administered by Saskatoon Office)
7th Floor - 123 2nd Avenue South
Saskatoon, SK
S7K 7E6
Telephone: 1-877-783-7757
Fax: 306-975-4231
Email: spectrum.saskatoon@ic.gc.ca

Research using Radioisotopes: Projects using radioisotopes in laboratory research require a permit from the researcher’s home institution, approving the use of radioisotopes at another institution. The home institution must be licensed by the Canadian Nuclear Safety Commission. Researchers should contact the Radiation Safety Officer at their home institution, as well as the appropriate person at their field location, to ensure that all permits are in place before beginning work involving radioisotopes.
# Appendix C. Regional Aboriginal Organizations and Councils

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Aboriginal Organizations</th>
<th>Regional Councils</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Yamózha Kué Society (Dene Cultural Institute)</td>
<td>Dehcho First Nations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hay River Dene Reserve P.O. Box 3054</td>
<td>P.O. Box 89</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hay River, NT X0E 1G4 Phone: (867) 874-8480</td>
<td>Fort Simpson, NT X0E 0N0 Phone: (867) 695-2610</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fax: (867) 874-3867 E-mail: <a href="mailto:info@deneculture.org">info@deneculture.org</a> URL: <a href="http://www.deneculture.org">www.deneculture.org</a></td>
<td>Fax: (867) 695-2038 URL: <a href="http://www.dehcho.org">www.dehcho.org</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Denendeh National Office, AFN Regional Chief NWT Dene Nation 5125-50th Street, 1st Floor</td>
<td>Tłı̨chǫ Government</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P.O. Box 2338 Yellowknife, NT X1A 2P2 Phone: (867) 873-4081 Fax: (867) 920-2254</td>
<td>P.O. Box 412 Behchokǫ̦, NT X0E 0Y0 Phone: (867) 392-6381 Fax: (867) 392-6389 URL: <a href="http://www.tlicho.com">www.tlicho.com</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>URL: <a href="http://www.denenation.com">www.denenation.com</a></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gwich’in Social and Cultural Institute P.O. Box 46 Tsiigehtchic, NT X0E 0B0 Phone: (867) 953-3613 Fax: (867) 953-3820 URL: <a href="http://www.gwichin.ca">www.gwichin.ca</a></td>
<td>Gwich’in Tribal Council P.O. Box 1509 Inuvik, NT X0E 0T0 Phone: (867) 777-7900 Fax: (867) 777-7919 URL: <a href="http://www.gwichin.nt.ca">www.gwichin.nt.ca</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inuit Tapiriit Kanatami 75 Albert Street Suite 1101 Ottawa, ON K1P 5E7 Tel: (613) 238-8181 Fax: (613) 234-1991 URL: <a href="http://www.itk.ca">www.itk.ca</a></td>
<td>Inuvialuit Game Council Joint Secretariat – Inuvialuit Renewable Resource Committees P.O. Box 2120 Inuvik, NT X0E 0T0 Phone: (867) 777-2828 Fax: (867) 777-2610 E-mail: <a href="mailto:igc-js@jointsec.nt.ca">igc-js@jointsec.nt.ca</a> URL: <a href="http://www.jointsecretariat.ca/igc.html">www.jointsecretariat.ca/igc.html</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Native Women’s Association of the NWT P.O. Box 2321 Yellowknife, NT X1A 2P7 Phone: (867) 873-5509 Fax: (867) 873-3152 URL : <a href="http://www.nativewomens.com">www.nativewomens.com</a></td>
<td>Inuvialuit Regional Corporation Bag Service #21 Inuvik, NT X0E 0T0 Phone: (867) 777-2737 Fax: (867) 777-2135 Email: <a href="mailto:info@irc.inuvialuit.com">info@irc.inuvialuit.com</a> URL: <a href="http://www.irc.inuvialuit.com">www.irc.inuvialuit.com</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pauktuutit Inuit Women of Canada 520 – 1 Nicholas St. Ottawa, ON K1N 7B7 Phone: (613) 238-3977 Fax: (613) 238-1787 E-mail: <a href="mailto:info@pauktuutit.ca">info@pauktuutit.ca</a> URL: <a href="http://www.pauktuutit.ca">www.pauktuutit.ca</a></td>
<td>Akaitcho Territory Government Great Slave Lake Office General Delivery Fort Resolution, NT X0E 0M0 Phone: (867) 394-3313 Fax: (867) 394-3413 Email: <a href="mailto:at_govt@northwestel.net">at_govt@northwestel.net</a> Web: <a href="http://www.akaitcho.info">www.akaitcho.info</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Organization</td>
<td>Address</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sahtu Secretariat Incorporated</td>
<td>P.O. Box 155, Délı̨nę, NT X0E 0G0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>North Slave Métis Alliance</td>
<td>P.O. Box 2301, Yellowknife, NT X1A 2P7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NWT Métis Nation</td>
<td>P.O. Box 720, Fort Smith, NT X0E 0P0</td>
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